THE LIMA NEWS.

VOL. III. NO. 267 LIMA, OHIO, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21 1899. PRICE [illegible]

ENTERS DAGUPAN.

Gen. MacArthur Found That No Insurgents Had Been There For Some Time.

REBELS GATHERING AT SAN MIGUEL.

MacArthur Preparing for an Attack, His Forces Being Disposed Between Durban and Dagupan.

Gen. Wheeler Decides Not to Return Home for Congress—There is a Revival of Insurgent Activity South of Manila, Particularly in Cavite.

MANILA, Nov. 21.—There has been a revival of insurgent activity south of Manila, particularly in Cavite province. At Imus Sunday the Filipinos fired a smooth-bore cannon, but this was soon silenced by the American artillery.

In the course of the morn'ng Maj Cowles, with a battalion of the 4th infantry and two guns, scattered the enemy from the districts around Imus and in the direction of Perez Des Marinas. The Americans could not pursue the retreating insurgents because their ammunition was exhausted. The Filipinos were under the command of Gen. Mariano Trias.

Spies report that the insurgents are coming into Cavite province from Calamba, in Laguna province and the other southern provinces. The insurgents have smooth bores and two modern cannon. Firing was in progress Monday afternoon and it is reported that there are more insurgents in the vicinity of Imus than ever before.

Gen. MacArthur's reconnoissance entered Dagupan Monday afternoon. The Americans found that no insurgents had been there for four days. The 33d infantry was probably in Dagupan Sunday, leaving Sunday night. No insurgents have been seen anywhere near the railroad, and it is believed that the only armed force of any size is in the mountains of the province of Zamble to the west, although there are reports of insurgents concentrating at San Miguel De Camilang, west of Tanique, and at Mangatarom (or Mangalaron), west of Bayabang. Gen. MacArthur is prepared for the attack, his forces being disposed between Durban, province of Tarlac, and Dagupan. The 12th infantry, a battalion of the 7th infantry and two troops of cavalry are with Gen. MacArthur below Dagupan.

Gen. Wheeler has decided not to return for congress. He is writing a letter to President McKinley with a request that it be forwarded to the house of representatives. In the course of an interview with a press correspondent he said: "Congress, if it occupies the first day of the session in passing a resolution declaring in unmistakable terms that the sovereignty of the United States is to be maintained in the Philippines, thus dispelling Aguinaldo's delusion that the anti-imperialists can assist him, will be performing a sacred duty. Such a resolution would save the lives of many American soldiers and thousands of deluded Filipinos, would avert famine, suffering and desolation from these islands, and would render unnecessary the expenditure of hundreds of millions of dollars."

The people on Cotta Bato, on the southwestern coast of the island of Mindanao, desire the establishment of American government there, and have addressed a petition to Gen. Otis asking him to send troops.

Two columns, one from Imus and the other from Bacoor, converged on the Zapote bridge, where they found a deserted Filipino camp.

Two troops of the 4th cavalry, four companies of the 4th infantry and two guns of Capt. Riley's battery proceeded to Anaboo, south of Imus, and came upon the enemy entrenched at that point. They scattered the Filipinos, but as the latter were subsequently reinforced, the Americans returned to Imus under fire, seven of our men being wounded. Our scouts found 15 dead insurgents at Anaboo.

Thirty insurgents, under a major, escaped from Bayambang Sunday about ten minutes before the Americans entered. Others, it is said, threw their guns into the river and now play the role of amigos. Many Spanish prisoners, escaped from the Filipinos, are at Bayambang, among them the former governors of the province of Tarlac and Zambales. There is also quite a large colony of former insurgent officers collected at that point, including Maj. Ortiz, who acted as interpreter for the Filipino commission headed by Gen. Alejandrino, who visited Manila in September. Ortiz has donned the Amigo clothing and announces that he has abandoned the insurrection.

The Spaniards say that the new insurgent capital is Bongact, and that the American prisoners are at Camiltin. They report having seen Lieut. Gilmore and his party in the north.

Drank Poison.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Dr. S. M. Wilkie, a dentist living at 1233 Wabash avenue, committed suicide Monday night by drinking poison. From what the police can learn Wilkie had not been living with his wife for nearly four months.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

The United States supreme court Monday adjourned for the usual Thanksgiving recess of two weeks.

The Brooklyn sailed Monday from Aden at the mouth of the Red sea, for Colombo, Ceylon, en route for Manila.

The United States government has officially recognized the de facto government of Venezuela, headed by Gen. Cipriano Castro, the victorious revolutionary leader.

Three more jurors to try Roland B. Molineux, New York, who is accused of the murder of Mrs. Kate J. Adams, were selected Monday, making in all seven jurors.

The bond purchases Monday at the several subtreasuries under the recent offer of the secretary of the treasury are reported as follows: St. Louis, $10,200; Baltimore, $4,100; Philadelphia, $116,000; New York, $498,600.

Commander S. R. Selfridge, inspector of the Second lighthouse district at Boston, and Commander W. Maynard, inspector of the Eighth lighthouse district at New Orleans, have exchanged places.

Three-year-old Texas short horn cattle sold for $6.75 at the Chicago stock yards Monday. This is the highest price paid for Texas cattle since 1882. Western range cattle brought $5.70 Monday, the highest price since 1884.

A public meeting was held at St. Johns, N. S., Monday to promote subscriptions to the British South African war fund. It is expected that $10,000 will be subscribed. Addresses were delivered by Gov. McCallum, Bishop Jones and Bishop Howley.

The dead and wounded from the railroad accident near Humboldt, S. D., Sunday have been taken to Sioux Falls, S. D. The six dead men are now in the city morgue and the four seriously injured are at the city hospital.

The commissioner of internal revenue has decided that an executor or trustee should not pay the legacy taxes on life interests or interests for a given period annually. The whole tax on such interests must be paid at one time.

Thirty Mormon elders arrived in Chattanooga, Tenn., from Utah in a solid delegation Monday for assignment to work in Ohio and the southern states. Their assignments will be made by President Rich, of that city, at the head of the Mormon southern propaganda.

At El Reno, I. T., nearly eight inches of water have fallen since Saturday and it is still raining. The North Candian river is out of its banks. A washout between Comanche and Addington, I. T., has blocked traffic on the Rock Island road. All of the wires are down.

At Marshalltown, Ia., burglars blew open the safe of the Southwestern Insurance Co. in the courthouse basement at noon Monday, and secured over $2,500 in cash and certificates of deposit. There were many people about the court house at the time, but the burglars escaped.

An epidemic of typhoid fever has broken out at the State Normal and Industrial college, Greensboro, N. C., making it necessary to close the school until January 1. There are now more than 80 of the young lady students confined to their beds by sickness. Two have died.

Charity Ball Disapproved.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 21.—The Catholic church, through Rt. Rev. J. J. Glennon, coadjutor bishop of the diocese of Kansas City, has set its seal of disapproval on the charity ball which it was proposed to hold in the convention hall on Thanksgiving evening for the benefit of the Orphan boys' home, and this event, from which it was expected fully $6,000 would be realized, has been abandoned. Great preperations had been made for the event and many tickets had been sold.

Spanish War Veterans.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—A meeting of the executive council of the Spanish war veterans was held at the Ebbitt house here Monday to draft a constitution and by-laws for the organization. There were present: Adjt. Gen. Axline, Ohio; Lieut. Reinold, New York; Col. Harrington, United States marine corps, Maj. Urell and Gen. Geo. Harries, Washington; H. C. Delange, Washington, and Ajdt. Gen. Liller, Pennsylvania.

The Shamrock Dismantled.

GLASGOW, Nov. 21.—The racing yacht Shamrock is being dismantled at Greenock. She was towed most of the way and sailed under her own canvass only 230 miles.

THE NATION

Is in Mourning Over Death of the Vice President.

The End Came This Morning at 8:30 O'clock, After a Long Illness.

Special to the News.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 21.—Vice President G. A. Hobart, died at eight thirty o'clock this morning from an attack of angina Pectoria. Those at his bedside were Mrs. Hobart, Garrett Hobart, jr., the doctors and the nurses. The funeral will take place from Paterson, Saturday.

Special to the News.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 21.—The President has issued a proclamation, and flags are at half mast all over the country. No successor can be appointed. Senator Frye will preside over the Senate.

The news of the death of the Vice President was first received in this city over the Buckeye Pipe Line company's wires at 8:40 o'clock this morning, and a few minutes later the flag over the Buckeye building was placed at half mast.

The post office authorities were notified of his death about noon and the flag over the government building is at half mast.

THE "MIXED SCHOOL."

Superintendent Anderson Notified to Give Up a Sunday-school Which He Started in Which Blacks and Whites Attend.

CORDELE, Ga., Nov. 21.—Notice has been served on a Mr. Anderson, at Livonia, near here, that he must give up a Sunday-school he had started which both white and Negro children attend. Livonia is a colony of northern settlers on the Georgia and Alabama road about seven miles from Cordele. Mr. Anderson is one of the settlers and some time ago started his "mixed school."

A meeting of the people in the neighborhood was held and resolutions were adopted declaring the school a "vile nuisance," which should not be tolerated and a committee was appointed to inform Mr. Anderson that his school must be disbanded or he would have to take the consequences. That gentleman informed the committee that he would continue his school at all hazards. Should he persist in his determination trouble will result.

Springfield Grocer Missing.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Nov. 21.—Walter Helfrick, grocer, is missing and his store is closed Monday morning. His brother says he took all his money and left a note to Tillie Lorton, Lawrenceville, his sweetheart, threatening to commit suicide. Miss Lorton denies that they had quarreled. The family can give no reason for his leaving.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 23.

FLOUR—Family, $3.00@3.10; spring patent, $3.80@4.10; winter fancy, $3.05@3.20; winter family, $2.35@2.75; winter patent, $3.35@3.65; extra, $2.00@2.30; low grade, $1.75@1.95; northwestern rye, $2.85@3.10; do city, $3.10@3.35.

WHEAT—Sales: No. 2 red, track, 71c.

HOGS—Select shippers, $4.00; select butchers, $3.95@3.97; fair to good packers, $3.85@3.95; fair to good light, $3.80@3.85; common and roughs, $3.50@3.80.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, $4.50@5.00; good to choice butchers, $4.25@4.90; fair to medium butchers $3.25@4.10; common, $2.60@1.10

SHEEP—Extras, $3.65@3.75; good to choice, $3.00@3.60; common to fair, $2.00@2.75.

LAMBS—Extras, $4.65@4.75; good to choice, $4.25@4.60; common to fair, $3.00@4.00.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, $6.00@6.75; common and large, $4.00@6.00.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.

WHEAT—December, 66⅞c; May, 70⅝c.

CORN—November, 32c; December, 32⅜@32½c; January, 31⅜@31½c; May, 33c.

OATS—November, 23¼@23½c; December, 23⅜@23¾c; May, 24⅝@24⅞c.

OHIO OFFICIAL VOTE.

It Shows That Judge Nash Has a Plurality of 49,022—Caldwell's Plurality for Lieutenant Governor, 12,720.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 21.—The canvass of the official vote in Ohio was completed Monday afternoon. It shows that Judge Nash's plurality is 49,022. The total vote cast was 903,159, divided as follows among the six candidates for governor:

George K. Nash, republican, 417,199.
John R. McLean, democrat, 368,176.
Seth H. Ellis, union reform, 7,799.
George M. Hammel, prohibition, 5,825.
Robert Bandlow, socialist labor, 2,439.
Samuel M. Jones, non-partisan, 100,720.

The plurality of John A. Caldwell, republican, for lieutenant governor over A. W. Patrick, democrat, who was supported by the anti-saloon league, is 12,720.

An analysis of the figures shows that about 40,000 electors who voted for Jones for governor failed to vote for any other candidates for state offices. The non-partisans drew their strength about equally from the republican and democratic parties, according to a comparison of the vote on governor and judge of supreme court.

THE NEW LEGISLATURE.

Various Occupations of the Officers Who Will Make Laws—Lawyers and Farmers Head the List.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 21.—In the coming legislature there will be 45 lawyers, 23 farmers, 11 merchants, 7 physicians, 7 teachers, 5 bankers, 5 newspaper men, 6 insurance men, 8 students, 4 real estate dealers, 2 ministers, 2 contractors, 2 commercial travelers, 1 engineer, 1 puddler, 1 molder, 1 dentist, 1 clerk, 1 grain dealer, 1 furnace man, 1 postmaster, 1 metal polisher, 1 miner, 1 lumber dealer, 1 stock dealer, 1 civil engineer, 1 oil producer, 1 carpenter and 1 deputy collector of customs. Only 7 old members of the senate and 30 of the house were returned, making an unprecedently large number of new members.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The Section Relating to the War Will Be Held Open as Long as Possible—Other Sections About Finished.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The secretary of war spent over two hours with the president Monday discussing his annual report, on which report will be based some of the most important sections of the president's message to congress. It is understood that this section of the message will be held open as long as possible, awaiting developments in the Philippines, which may change the status of the situation almost any day.

The other sections of the message are nearly completed, but to finish the message before congress meets will call for a large amount of hard work. Owing to this fact it is probable that the president will not be able to go to Nashville to participate in the welcome home of the Tennessee regiment. No definite determination has been made, however. If the trip is undertaken it will be made in the briefest practicable time.

Postal Cards.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The postmaster general has ordered that private mailing cards addressed in the domestic mails or to the Philippines, Guam, Cuba, Porto Rico, Mexico and Canada need not hereafter bear the words "postal card," or "carte postel," though that is still necessary for other postal union countries. Domestic postal cards also are directed to be admitted to the foreign mails if the words "carte postel" are placed on them.

Fired on the Mob.

COVINGTON, Ga., Nov. 21.—A masked mob of about 75 men attacked the jail here at 11 o'clock Monday night in an effort to secure Wm. Collins, a white man. Sheriff Anderson, in defending the prisoner, ordered his deputies to fire upon the mob. The effect of the shooting is not known, but the sheriff says he saw one man carried off by his companions. Collins attempted to assault Miss Minnie Kirkus, who lives near the Porterdale mills.

Went Over the Falls.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 21.—A middle aged, well dressed man engaged a hack here Monday afternoon and was driven to Prospect Point, overlooking the falls. Arriving there, he left the carriage, walked deliberately into the water and passed over the falls. There were several people in the vicinity at the time. There is no clue to the identity of the suicide.

Emperor William at Windsor.

WINDSOR, Nov. 21.—In the course of the afternoon the emperor went for a stroll in Windsor park, inspected the queen's prize cattle, and visited the armory. There was a family dinner party at the castle Monday evening. Tuesday an elaborate banquet will be given in St. George's hall. United States Ambassador Choate will be among the guests.

THE KENTUCKY MUDDLE.

Democrats Concede a Majority for Taylor on the Face of the Returns, But Hope to Throw Out Louisville Vote.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 21.—The democratic state campaign committee concedes that Taylor has a majority on the face of the returns, but bases a hope of the election of the democratic ticket on throwing out the vote of Louisville on account of interference of Bradley's soldiers, and Johnson and Knox counties, where tissue ballots were used. The Kentucky election law plainly provides for a secret ballot, and the republicans admit that they are not as well fortified in the defense of their interests in Johnson and Knox county cases as might be, but do not credit to any extent the democratic claim regarding Louisville.

In fact, they assert that should Louisville be thrown out on the pretext claimed, they will not stand for it, and that they have the assurances that Gov. Bradley will back them up in resistance which they say is already fully planned. Goebel managers Monday announce they will not take an appeal from the decision of Judge Jones at Glasgow, where 1,193 majority of Nelson county votes, erroneously certified for W. P. Taylor were ordered counted for W. S. Taylor. In this state of case, the vote of Jefferson, Knox and Johnson must be wiped out to give Goebel a majority, but his managers, it is believed, are collecting evidences of alleged fraud in various republican counties, and in this will ask the state election board to throw out those counties. Senator Deboe came back Monday night and is supposed to be in direct communication with Gov. Bradley, though he did not visit the executive office.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 21.—The county board of canvassers adjourned late Monday afternoon until Wednesday, after having completed the official count of ballots cast November 7. The city and county give Taylor a plurality of 3,413. The work of the board Monday was the consideration of ten contested precincts in various parts of the city which had been passed as the count progressed. Five of these were thrown out and five were counted. This resulted in a gain of two members of the legislature by the democrats.

The legislative result in the county now stands one republican senator, five republican and three democratic representatives. When the county board meets again Wednesday it will hear arguments on the motion, notice of which was given several days ago by counsel for the democratic candidates to throw out the vote of Jefferson county because of alleged intimidation by the state militia. Democratic newspaper figures now give Taylor a plurality of nearly 2,000 on the state. They show that 3,489 votes are in contest and that Goebel has a plurality of 937 on the uncontested votes.

Transports Sail for Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—The transports Hancock and City of Pueblo sailed Monday night for Manila, via Honolulu. The Hancock has on board nine companies of the 44th infantry and a number of recruits. The remaining companies of the 44th and two companies of 43d are on board the City of Peublo.

Nineteen Years in Prison.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Recorder Goff handed down an opinion and decision in general sessions court Monday denying a new trial to William E. A. Moore, convicted some months ago of "badgering" Martin Mahon, of "The New Amsterdam hotel" and sentenced to 19 years in prison.

Death of Lady Salisbury.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Lady Salisbury died Monday afternoon.

Ex-Senator Edmunds Ill.

MACON, Ga., Nov. 21.—Ex-Senator George F. Edmunds, of Vermont, who is here as leading counsel for the Southern railway in an injunction suit in the United States court, is confined to his room by an attack of bronchitis. His condition is not regarded as serious.

The 49th Arrives at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—The 49th regiment (colored) arrived Monday night from Jefferson Barracks, Mo., en route to Manila. The Tennessee volunteers will be mustered out next Thursday.

Illinois People in Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Nov. 21.—About a hundred and fifty Illinoisans have arrived to attend the formal dedication of the Illinois monuments on Thursday, November 23.

Yellow Fever Case at Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Nov. 21.—Alberta Johnson, white, aged four years, was Monday pronounced to have yellow fever. The sick child came from Jackson November 9. She is convalescing.

BOER'S INVASION.

Continue to Pour Steadily and Rapidly Into Cape Colony, With Plenty of Supplies.

LADYGREY DESERTED BY THE BRITISH.

The English Made Two Unsuccessful Attempts to Oust the Rustenburg Commando Near Mafeking.

Severe Fighting Took Place—Reports of a Heavy Battle at Ladysmith Not Confirmed—Gen. Joubert Reported to Be Moving South.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The Standard publishes the following from Ladysmith, dated Sunday, November 19:

"The arrival of the relief column at Estcourt has completely modified the plans of the enemy, and Gen. Joubert has moved to the south in an effort to prevent the junction of the two British forces."

ESTCOURT, Nov. 21.—Maj. Bethun's patrols have located the enemy on the northwest, about ten miles off. The Boers would not be drawn.

Fighting is reported at the Mooi river.

The Boers are doing more looting than fighting and all their parties south of Ladysmith are foraging on the farms.

Advices from Ladysmith tell of brilliant service stories with comparatively slight loss on our side and heavy slaughter of the enemy. Ladysmith is full of wounded and captured Boers.

It is reported that in the fighting on November 9 the enemy lost 300 killed and 500 captured.

The Boers are trying hard to influfluence and conciliate the native Kaffirs.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The reports of heavy fighting at Ladysmith last Wednesday have not been confirmed. On the contrary, the most reliable advices from Estcourt indicate that there was nothing more than a desultory cannonade. Probably the rumor of a serious engagement grew out of the fact that the Boers threw a few harmless shells late Tuesday night, leading to the supposition that an attack was imminent. Nothing, however, happened Wednesday.

Beyond the fact that the Boers are daily receiving fresh reinforcements and supplies, there is practically nothing new from the front. The Boer invasion of Cape Colony continues steadily and rapidly.

There are 1,300 Boers at Colesberg, and news has reached East London that Ladygrey, near Aliwal, north, has been deserted by the British and is now in the hands of the enemy.

A Pretoria dispatch announces the arrival there among the prisoners of Maj. Haldan, Lieut. Brochie and Lieut. Hallwey. It also declares that the British on Sunday made two unsuccessful attempts to oust the Rustenburg commando from a position near Mafeking, and that severe fighting took place.

Gen. Joubert is evidently moving south to prevent if possible the junction of the British relieving force with the forces at Estcourt and Ladysmith, while on the Orange river border the Boers are believed to be concentrating at Donkerpoort to oppose Gen. Buller's advance. It is said 6,000 Boers have already laagered at Donkerpoort.

Cuban Representative at the Exposition.

HAVANA, Nov. 21.—Gov. Gen. Brooke has named Senaor Zanetti as the representative of Cuba at the Paris exposition in 1900. He left Havana on Saturday for New York, expecting to sail for Europe by the French steamer Aquitaine.

Robbers Hold Up a Farmer.

GALLIPOLIS, O., Nov. 21.—Moses Shoemaker, farmer, was held up by highwaymen, robbed of considerable money and notes and beaten nearly to death. Officers arrested John Butcher and Samuel Smith, jr., who were placed in jail after being bound over.

Auglaize County Pioneer Dead.

WAPAKONETA, O., Nov. 21.—Malina Wheeler, aged 77 years, one of the oldest and most popular residents of Auglaize county, died at his residence in this city from paralysis. He was a member of several different lodges of this place.

Fire at Ironton, O.

IRONTON, O., Nov. 21.—The plant of the Ironton Door Co. was destroyed by fire Monday evening. It started from an explosion of a torch in the dry house. Loss $18,000 to $20,000 which is covered by insurance. Employed 50 men.

Granted a Ten Per Cent Advance.

IRONTON, O., Nov. 21.—Sixty-five striking nippers at the Belfront nail mill were granted a ten per cent. advance Monday. They went to work.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

DIRECTORY

Of Business Houses

The wide awake business men of Lima recognize the value of a small advertisement in the NEWS.

LIMA'S PROMINENT HOTELS.

The New Cambridge, opp. P. Ft. & C., C. H. & D., L. E. & W. and Lima Northern stations, A. S. Manhard, Prop. Popular prices.

The Lima Northern Hotel and Bar, Et. Krentlinger Prop. Restaurant and Bar Hot lunch and warm meals at all hours. Opposite C. H. & D. and D. & L. N. depots.

RESTAURANT AND SALOON.

Best meals, warm and cold lunch in the city at all hours. Old Wines, Whisky and Moerlein Beer always on tap. THE ELM, 328 north Main street.

CAPITOL SALOON

And Restaurant, 314 North Main street, for fine Wines, Liquors and Ice Cold Lager Beer.

FURNITURE STORES.

Highest prices paid for second hand furniture, carpets, stoves, watches and jewelry and cast-off Gents' clothing. Bargains in second hand goods and safes at 128 east Market St. Give me a call and be convinced. A. B. Atkinson.

LUMBER, COAL AND ICE.

Conrath & Hover, cor north and Central avenue. 'Phones 372 and 265 for Lumber and Coal at popular prices.

Call on the Lima Ice & Coal company for Pure Spring water Ice. Phones 164 or 451.

Lynn B. Dana, Teacher of Piano and Theory. Room 30 Opera House Block, 2nd floor. New 'Phone 588.

INSURANCE.

Prudential Insurance Company. Home office, Newark, New Jersey. Branch office Rooms 1 and 2 GAZETTE Block. A Noonan Superintendant.

BARBER SHOPS.

The best place in Lima for a Hair Cut or Shave is at Ed. Gast's, 108 East Spring st.

WATCHMAKER.

Ches. Tucker, Watchmaker. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. No. 136 north Main street, T. N. Cunningham's drug store

LIVERY AND TRANSFER.

J. C. Musser, Livery, Hack and Transfer line, No. 19 southwest corner of Public Square. Telephone 48, both lines.

BANKS.

The Commercial Bank, Samuel A. Baxter & Sons, Lima, Ohio. Bonds, Mortgages, Investments, General Banking.

STAR CARPET CLEANING WORKS.

Carpets, Feathers, Fur Rugs, Portiers and Matting cleaned, renovated and sterilized, making them free of all germs, moths, etc. Old carpets remade, laid and refitted. Wool carpet bought and sold. Free delivery. Carl Boegel, Prop., 430 north Pierce St. Phone 595-492.

PORTRAIT ENLARGING.

In any style: India Ink, Water Colors, Pastel, &c., by Prof. T. A. Stanley. Any person desirous of taking lessons in above arts will find terms reasonable. Call at the studio and ask to see the 16x20 India Ink portraits I am enlarging from any small picture for sale. 109 E. Wayne street.

FLORIST.

Mrs. S. E. Rogers, Florist. Designing a specialty. Fresh-Cut Flowers daily. 'Phone 326. 104 West Market street, Lima, O.

SPOUTING AND ROOFING.

Spouting and roofing work done on short notice. General roofing a specialty. New 'phones 370. 514 south Main street. Hugh Francis.

FLOUR, FEED AND COAL.

E. H. Dorsey, 209 South Main street for Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay and Straw, with Barrel Salt, Potatoes, Wood and Coal a Specialty. Our Motto: "Small profits and quick sales." Both 'Phones 457.

FURNITURE REPAIRERS.

J. Reuth, 118 E. North street, will repair your Furniture carefully and with the best materials and workmanship.

FURNITURE REPAIRERS.

Furniture repaired, refinished, Cane and cabinet work a specialty. Old mirrors replated. Sweeney & Green, 114 W. Spring street.

APHETA

The DANGERS of the dental chair have been REMOVED. APHETA method extracts teeth without pain and the DANGEROUS effects of COCAINE, gas or VITALIZED AIR. Call and investigate at

R. F. Bennett,

155½ N. Main St. DENTIST

T. B. JOHNS,

PLUMBER,

STEAM AND GAS FITTER.

Dealer in Pumps of all kinds.

Old 'Phone 344. New 'Phone 41.

211 South Main St.

—BOWER'S—

CORN - CRISPS

.... ARE DELIGHTFUL ....

Try them once and you will have found the Perfection of Confectionery.

Kodol

Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

H. F. Vortkamp, Northeast corner Main and North streets.

HONOR OF THIEVES.

Wisconsin Jail Breakers Stick to a "Pal" to the Death.

Through Hardships and Dangers the Lawless Fugitives Tenderly Nurse and Care for Their Dying Companion.

Occasionally an incident shows up on the bobbin of time recalling or accentuating an old saying.

In the woods of northern Illinois, the other day, something occurred which proved that there is "honor among thieves." An official from that state, in Brooklyn on business, told a reporter of the Eagle the story.

Four prisoners broke from the jail of Waukegan, the capital of a county contiguous to the southern boundary of Wisconsin. One of the prisoners had a black mark against him in nearly every city of the country. Even in Brooklyn, where criminals have few reasons to congregate. Tom Meyers was known as a "smooth man in the confidence line, and in forgery."

The escape of prisoners from the jail of a small town is an exciting event, and in this case citizens joined officers in their pursuit and search, and bloodhounds, something unusual in the north, were turned upon the trail. They were unsuccessful. One of the prisoners was captured, but not in the woods. He was found in the street in Chicago. The first question asked of him by the sleuths of Chicago was: "Where is Tom Meyers?" The reply was short: "Dead."

For a day or more that was all the captured man would tell, but when the sheriff from Waukegan went down to the western metropolis the prisoner talked to him. As the visiting official in Brooklyn remembers it the prisoner's story to the sheriff was like this:

"The first day of freedom Tom Meyers was taken sick. He couldn't travel with us, but he was such a smart guy we couldn't leave him. He had planned the escape. Then we found a big pile of underbrush and crowded into it. It rained pitchforks the first night, and poor Tom got worse. He was as tender as a spring chicken, Tom was, and the exposure told on him fast. He wanted us to leave him, but we told him we would stick to him as long as we lived, and if he was taken we would all go together. We took off our coats and made him a bed, and one night when the rain run through the brush as it would through a sieve, we took turn about holding a hat over his face so it wouldn't get ducked. Once we heard the bloodhounds bark, so close did they come. Poor Tom had been doing a good deal of barking himself—coughing, I mean—and when it was necessary for him to keep quiet he done it like a soldier, he did.

"One of us crawled out next morning and stole some bread from a farmhouse and went back to our shack and divided the loaf. We would have gone hungry and let poor Tom have all of it if he could have eaten it, but his hunger was growing less all the time, and he swallowed mighty little of the stuff.

"That night while it was my turn to hold his head on my lap he asked me in a whisper that wasn't as strong as a sick woman would have said it to put my ear close to him, and I did, and he said to me:

"'Bury me here, and then you can escape. Some day, when it's safe, you can tell my friends. Don't wake the boys.'

"And before I could even say good-by to him he was deader than a mackerel. I don't remember in all my life that I ever saw a man die before. I've seen most everything but that. And I actually held Tom's head after he was dead for a long time, but I can't tell how long. But I see the daylight breaking through the brush before I called the other boys to wake up.

"Men in our situations had no time to pass any resolutions or make any speeches, and men like us ain't up in such things nohow, but we said a few words about his bein gritty, and then we buttoned his coat and turned up the collar. Two of us dug out a place with our hands, and then we all laid his body in it, and we wrote his name on a bit of paper we had and put it in his pocket. Then we covered the body with leaves and throwed on the dirt, and then covered up that with more leaves and branches. One of the gang said he remembered something he learnt at Sunday school and said it over Tom, whatever it was, and then each man struck out for himself.

"Could I find the place where we buried him? You bet, in the dark. A man ain't likely to forget such a thing in all of his life."

"The sheriff of Waukegan told me," said the officer in Brooklyn, "that he never heard such a story as the prisoner told him, and that it beat anything he ever saw in a theater. And that the toughest job he ever had was to take his man back to jail."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Unsolved Mystery of the Maine.

"I do not believe the details of the blowing up of the Maine will ever be revealed, and no man ever worked harder to probe the mystery than I," remarked Capt. Lucien Young, of the navy, recently. "It is as much of a mystery to-day as it was when the atrocious crime was committed, for there cannot be the slightest doubt that its destruction was the result of design. The explosive that did the work was taken from the magazine by a couple of Spaniards, who undoubtedly acted under orders, and these men are not alive to-day. Dead men tell no tales, and after they had been used in the accomplishment of the barbarous deed there was every reason to get them out of the way. The exact way in which the explosive was used, however, is a secret that will never become known, unless those who know about it choose to expose their own infamy."—Washington Post.

A. T. STEWART'S TOMB

Magnificent Monument of the Merchant Prince.

The Cathedral of the Incarnation at Garden City, L. I.—A Grand Edifice and Its Features.

With the recent death of former Judge Henry Hilton that portion of society which is interested in church work has recently had its attention recalled to a very picturesque stretch of land on Hempstead Plains, L. I., made picturesque through the erection of the grand edifice to the memory of Alexander Turner Stewart and his wife, Cornelia M. Stewart, at Garden City, and by the building of the schools at his desire expressed throughout the latter part of his life.

It had been a dream early in A. T. Stewart's life to erect a model city where he could do good among poor people, and when he commenced to accumulate his vast fortune he began to put his dreams into some tangible shape. At the time of his death he had purchased more than 3,000 acres of land from the township of Hempstead at a value estimated at from $5,000,000 to $8,000,000; had planned and started to build the first cathedral in the Protestant Episcopal church in the United States; had begun the erection of a handsome military school and girls' seminary, and negotiations were pending for the putting up of several factories to supply a means of support to the residents of his ideal city.

Shortly after the death of Mr. Stewart, in 1876, some of these plans were changed, and instead of making this a busy industrial city, as he had wished, no factories or manufacturing places of any description were allowed on the estate, property was restricted and Garden City became a residential town for society.

St. Paul's church school was completed September 14, 1880, and opened with a large scholarship. Great success was achieved, and a lieutenant was appointed by the United States government to teach military science and tactics.

The cathedral is probably one of the grandest monuments that has been erected to the memory of a man in private life for centuries. It cost more than $2,500,000. The style of the building is gothic; the plan is cruciform, with a single tower over the front entrance. The spire is 197 feet high, surmounted by a cross ten feet high. This cross is of glass and fitted with gas burners to be lighted, although it is never used.

One of the features of the cathedral is the set of centennial chimes which occupied the top of Machinery hall at the Philadelphia exposition in 1876. There are 13 bells, weighing about 20,000 pounds, in the belfry.

Another grand piece of work is the organ. At the time it was built it was in several respects one of the most remarkable in the world, and at the present has but two or three rivals.

In a small octagonal-shaped room off the chancel stands the baptismal font, which is without doubt one of the richest in the world. The base and basin are of marble and the cover is of carved rosewood. Surmounting this is a crown, said to be of virgin gold, and it is claimed that every precious stone mentioned in the Bible is represented in the settings of this crown.

Directly beneath the altar is the crypt, in which rest the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Stewart. The crypt is of octagonal shape, four sides being taken up with stained glass windows and the other four being a marble fence with brass gates. In the center of the crypt stands a large marble urn, bearing the memorial of Alexander T. Stewart and Cornelia M. Stewart.

There has always been a great deal of doubt expressed as to whether the body of Alexander T. Stewart really rests in the crypt, but one who was near by in an official capacity one night early in the '80s gives assurance that the body was transferred to Garden City after its recovery and now rests in the place built for it.—Chicago Times-Herald.

White Sheep of Alaska.

This rare, wild white sheep is found nowhere in the world but Alaska, and few specimens for mounting whole have ever been obtained. This species, named Ovis dalli by Prof. Dall, differs from its cousin, the Rocky mountain big horn (Ovis montana), in color, O. montana being a dull brown in midsummer, changing to a grayish drab in winter, with a light, ashy-colored patch over the rump all the year, while the O. dalli is snow white at all seasons—in fact, there is not a colored hair on any part of his body. He is not quite so stockily built as our "big horn," yet more trim and shapely. Two of my specimens stood 42 inches at the shoulder. His limbs are not quite so heavy, and his horns will not average as large at the base, although quite as long. The horns of my largest specimen of 1897 measured 41¼ inches in length and 14½ inches in circumference at the base. The flesh is the most delicious of all wild game. In the summer this sheep lives chiefly on the rich, succulent growth of the Asplenium septentrionale, which grows in the crevices of the rock on the sunny slopes of this rugged range. This beautiful animal must endure great hardships to survive the winters of this icy north.—Outing.

Professional Dinner Tasters.

A curious profession for a woman is that of dinner taster. She is a product of Parisian refinement, and spends a portion of each day visiting houses and tasting dishes intended for dinner. She suggests improvements, and shows the cook new ways of preparing dishes. The duties are pleasant, and the compensation ample.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

PERSONAL AND IMPERSONAL.

Boston's latest registry list shows 96,485 voters.

Mrs. McKinley has made over 4,000 pair of knit slippers for charitable institutions.

Costaki Anthopoulo Pasha, Turkish ambassador in London, is a Greek by birth and a Christian in religion.

Mr. Gully, speaker of the house of commons, is an expert at golf, but takes no interest in pugilism, the sport at which his distinguished ancestors was once so famous.

Two amateur sportsmen in Lee, Mass., went coon hunting. One aimed at a coon, but shot their $60 dog, and the coon was heard to utter something like a laugh as he gleefully ambled away.

Senior Depew relates that in speaking of a rebellious client, Joseph Choate once said to him: "She is a sinner—no, not a sinner, for she's my client, but she is a disagreeable, a most disagreeable, saint."

Rev. Dr. S. M. Haskins, of Williamsburg, N. Y., has been in continuous ministerial service in one place longer than nearly any other clergyman in the country. For 60 years he has been rector of St. Mark's Episcopal church.

John Jenten, fumigating official of the sanitary office in Atlanta, is said to have become suddenly bald from the action of formaldehyde gas in his skull. He had been called to disinfect a house in which there had been a case of scarlet fever.

Somebody has thought of interviewing Boss Croker, of New York, about women in politics, with the result that he says: "When an American, a true American, has made up his mind no woman can influence him. If she can he has no mind."

FIFTY MILLION GERMANS.

The Last Census of the Empire Places the Population at That Figure.

The results of the professional and social census of the German empire taken in 1895 have just been published by the government. The book is one of the most important statistical works that have been brought out by any government. A similar, but less complete, census was taken in Germany in 1882, and most other governments have at various times, either in conjunction with the ordinary census or separately, made some effort to inquire into the classification of the population by its occupation and social status. But no other country has entered on an investigation of this kind with anything even approximating the thoroughness and method that characterized the German statistical office, both in the drawing up of the census and in its subsequent elaboration for statistical purposes. To give only an instance, the census officials had the strictest instructions not to take the word of a householder as to the occupation and earnings of the members of his household, but to make a personal inquiry of every single member, even including small children. The whole enormous work of collecting this census was done at a cost of not more than £130,000.

According to this census, the total population of Germany on June 14, 1895, amounted to 51,770,284, of whom 25,409,161 were males and 26,361,123 were females. The similar census taken in 1882 gave a total of 45,222,113, of whom 22,150,749 were males and 23,071,364 females. The population had thus increased by 14.48 per cent. in the 13 years—an increase which, it is interesting to note, was larger in the case of the males, who increased at the rate of 14.71 per cent., as against an increase of only 14.26 per cent. in the case of the females. The decrease of German emigration since the growth of modern German prosperity may possibly have had something to do with this fact. How rapid the increase of the German population is may be gathered from the fact that the ordinary quinquennial census, taken in December, 1895, gave a population of 2,279,901, or an increase of 509,617 souls in six months. The increase between 1882 and 1895 was greatest in the towns and districts already peopled; thus, for example, in the government district of Berlin it was 39.64 per cent.; in Dusseldorf, 32.97; Dresden, 29.13; Leipsic, 29.98, etc. The town population of Germany in 1895 amounted to 49.83 per cent. of the total population, as against 41.8 per cent. in 1882. It had increased by 36.47 per cent. over the town population of 1882, whereas the country population had decreased by 1.31 per cent. The populations of towns with over 100,000 inhabitants increased in the same period by 111.29 per cent. and amounted to 7,030,530 persons.—London Times.

A Maine Monument.

The little village of North Perry, Me., has, through no fault of its own, recently been awarded a handsome monument by the national government. It happens to be located exactly on the forty-fifth degree of latitude, which lies half way between the equator and the pole. Desiring to mark this spot, a monument has been prepared by the government and will be set up within a few days at one side of the path leading from the main street of the village to its one church. "This Monument Marks Latitude 45 Degrees North, Half Way from the Equator to the Pole," is the inscription on the stone. The village authorities are arranging a celebration in honor of the dedication of the town's first monument.—Chicago Tribune.

Great Good Luck.

Jones — They say Smith's three daughters all got engaged to foreign noblemen while at the "shore" and that Smith is tickled to death about it.

Brown—Yes. He's just found out that they are all dry-goods clerks and self-supporting.—Judge.

DEFENSES OF WASHINGTON.

Gen. Wilson's Report on Year's Operations and Armament of the Capital City.

Gen. Wilson, chief of engineers, has made a report of the operations for the defense of Washington. These works are in charge of Lieut. Col. Charles J. Allen and Lieut. Jay J. Morrow, his assistant. In regard to the defenses, Gen. Wilson says:

"The defenses of Washington are located at three sites—two on the left bank and one on the right bank of the Potomac river. One of the sites on the left bank is in charge of an ordnance sergeant; the other two were garrisoned during the year.

"At the beginning of the fiscal year permanent emplacements were completed for four ten-inch guns on disappearing carriages and three eight-inch guns on disappearing carriages. One ten-inch B. L. rifle, intended for tests of experimental parapet, had also been mounted temporarily for defense during the war with Spain, with funds from the appropriation for national defense. This gun was subsequently mounted on the platform built for testing experimental parapet. In addition to the foregoing, construction was in progress upon two emplacements for ten-inch guns on disappearing carriages and for two four-inch rapid-fire guns, under allotments from the appropriation for national defense. These batteries were entirely completed during the year.

"Construction was commenced during the year upon emplacements for eight 12-inch mortars, two six-inch guns on disappearing carriages, two five-inch rapid-fire guns on balance-pillar mounts, and two 15-pounder rapid-fire guns. At the close of the year good progress had been made on all these batteries, with expectations that they will be completed during the present working season. An electric light and power station was completed for the works on the left bank, and construction of a plant commenced for works on the right bank. The torpedo storehouse in process of construction at the close of the fiscal year was completed and occupied, and work begun on an extension to the mining casemate. The submarine mines planted in the channel during the war were maintained for a short time after the beginning of the year, when all the material was taken up, cleaned, repaired and stored.

"A number of type B range finders were mounted in the completed batteries, and steps taken for mounting those of type A. One battery commander's station has been authorized.

"A number of minor repairs to the various batteries were made during the year, chiefly to slopes and parapets injured by the weather.

"The experimental parapets, the tests of which had been delayed by the war with Spain, were kept in repair during the year, and the tests finally made June 29, 1899."—Washington Star.

ARMORED TRAINS.

Generally Improvised with Steel Plates or Sandbags for the Protection of Troops.

Many dispatches from the Transvaal refer to the armored trains which are used to transport troops and passengers through the district in which military operations are going on, and inquiry naturally arises as to what constitutes a train of that kind.

It is nothing more than a train of ordinary freight cars which have been strengthened on the inside with sheets of metal and pierced with holes through which rifles and small field pieces may be used on an attacking party. A flat car or gondola, with a heavy piece or two of artillery, may be a part of such a train, and in some instances enough of the closed cars may be taken away to allow a maxim gun to be placed in position.

An army officer in speaking of these trains said: "They are always improvised and fitted up with the material nearest at hand. This may be railroad iron, sheets of steel or sandbags, and sometimes nothing more than heavy lumber. We used armored trains in Porto Rico and in the Philippines, and the trains about which we read as being used in the Transvaal are probably in most respects like those improvised portable strongholds. There are some cars, like the new steel cars, which have advantages as means of transportation in a country made dangerous by an enemy, but almost any kind of cars may be turned into the class now known as 'armored' at short notice, and the armoring will depend on the mechanical skill of the officer in command."—N. Y. Tribune.

That wood will stand the passing of centuries as well as metal is proved by the unearthing near the Nile of some Egyptian boats nearly 5,000 years old, which are in good condition.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

PILES

"I suffered the tortures of the damned with protruding piles brought on by constipation with which I was afflicted for twenty years. I ran across your CASCARETS in the town of Nowell, Ia., and never found anything to equal them. To-day I am entirely free from piles and feel like a new man."

C. H. KEITZ, 1411 Jones St., Sioux City, Ia.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 312

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

FIRE. ACCIDENT.

JOHN H. SPITLER,

Successor to,

R. W. WALLACE & CO.

General Insurance Agency.

ROOM 6 HOLMES BLOCK, LIMA, OHIO.

Call and get rates. Bonds furnished promptly by the Fidelity Bond Co.

MONEY TO LOAN

At the Very Lowest Rate of Interest and on short notice. We have a large amount of money to loan on long time, in sums of $500 and upwards, on city property and improved farm lands, with privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing Cheap Money on Easy Terms will find it will be to their interest to call. City Property, Vacant Lots and Farms for Sale on Small Payments.

C. H. Folsom,

Real Estate and Loan Broker,

Rooms Nos. 2 and 3 Holmes Block.

WM. SCHATZMANN.

—DEALER IN—

Iron and Tin Roofing and Spouting.

Stove repairing and job work a special. Estimates Cheerfully given.

301 North Street and Central Avenue, LIMA OHIO

You never know what form of blood poison will follow constipation. Keep the liver clean by using Dewitt's Little Early Risers and you will avoid trouble. They are famous little pills for constipation and liver and bowel trouble. H F Vortkamp northeast cor. Main and North streets.

Thanksgiving Day Rates

Via the Nickel Plate Road are available Nov. 29th and 30th good returning until December 1st inclusive at one and one third fare for the round trip within a radius of 150 miles.

How's This.

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO. Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Geo Noland, Rockland, O, says, "My wife had piles forty years. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured her. It is the best salve in America." It heals everything and cures all skin diseases. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

DR. AND MRS. DR. MURPHY

PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEURS.

Devote special attention to family practice and ladies during the lying-in. Professional services during confinement and nine days thereafter, only $5.00. Calls promptly attended day and night. Office and Residence 619 North Main St. Bell telephone 187

MONEY TO LOAN.

At 5 per cent on FARM LANDS or CITY PROPERTY centrally located. Long time, with privilege of paying part or all at any interest day. LOANS MADE at ONCE. Call on us when you want money at a low rate of interest, easy terms, and without delay.

THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

D. C. Henderson, Attorney,

Room 14 Metropolitan Blk. Lima, O.

Dr W Wixon, Italy Hill, N Y, says, "I heartily recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It gave my wife immediate relief in suffocating asthma." Pleasant to take. Never fails to quickly cure all coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. H F Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

THANKSGIVING HOLIDAYS, 1899.

Greatly reduced rates via the C H & D Ry. Tickets sold on November 29th and 30th, limited to December 1st for return. Ask your nearest C H & D Agent for full particulars regarding time of trains and rates.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have money to loan at 5 and 6 per cent, privilege of paying off principal at any time, or any part. Be sure and see us before making arrangements for a loan.

T. K. WILKINS

Room 22 Opera Block

DR. M. B. DOTY,

DENTIST.

With Dr. Hall's Dental Parlors, Union Block.

$1.98 BUYS A $3.50 SUIT

3,000 CELEBRATED "NEVERWEAROUT" DOUBLE SEAT AND KNEE, REGULAR $3.50 BOYS' TWO-PIECE KNEE PANTS SUITS AT $1.98.

A NEW SUIT FREE FOR ANY OF THESE SUITS WHICH DON'T GIVE SATISFACTORY WEAR.

SEND NO MONEY, cut this ad. out and send to us, state age of boy and say whether large or small for age and we will send you the suit by express. C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our Special Offer Price, $1.98, and express charges.

THESE KNEE PANT SUITS are for boys 4 to 15 years of age and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with DOUBLE SEAT and KNEES, latest 1900 style as illustrated, made from a special heavy weight, wear-resisting, all-wool Stanton Cassimere, neat, handsome pattern, fine Italian lining, genuine Graydon Interlining, padding, staying and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, finest tailor-made throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of.

FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing for boys 4 to 19 YEARS, write for Sample Book No. 95K, containing fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order. Men's Suits made to order from $5.00 up. Samples sent free on application. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SHIP BURNS AT SEA.

Graphic Story of a Woman's Experience Off Formosa.

She and Her Babe Landed on a Little Chinese Island—Great Objects of Curiosity to the Natives.

Mrs. P. W. Patton, the wife of Capt. Patton, whose vessel, the American ship George B. Stetson, was burned at sea off the coast of Formosa about two months ago, has just arrived at San Francisco, and tells a graphic story of the destruction of the vessel. She was the only woman aboard.

"I did not understand at first when the alarm was given," said Mrs. Patton, "but a moment later my husband came into the cabin and told me to hurry and clothe the baby and myself for a trip in an open boat. By the time I was clothed and reached the deck with the baby the flames had got aft as far as the mainmast and the rigging above my head was all ablaze.

"The long boat was in the water alongside with eight of the crew in it, and the baby was carried down a flimsy Jacob's ladder into it by one of the sailors, and I followed. Just as I got into the boat there was a loud roar and the skylight and roof of the cabin was lifted off by an explosion of the gases that had formed in the rooms aft. My husband and his two mates were at the rail of the ship aft when the explosion came and they lost no time in getting in the boat, and the painter was cast off. A moment later the whole ship was a mass of flames from stem to stern, and as we pulled away the great towering mainmast fell.

"A few minutes later there was a sudden roll and all that remained of the once beautiful ship went down into the waves, leaving us in darkness.

"Two days and two nights we were in that boat. About noon of the second day we saw land, and that evening we landed on the little island of Ti Pin Tsen, which was taken from the Chinese by the Japanese during the recent war between those two nations.

"We landed at a small village of the natives and the baby and I were the greatest curiosities the people of the village had ever seen."

BALLOONS FOR BATTLESHIPS.

Naval Bureau Chiefs Considering the Advisability of Equipping New Ships with Such Apparatus.

Naval bureau chiefs are considering the advisability of equipping the new battleships with balloons. The idea is one which comes from Europe and has been tested to some extent abroad. The balloon is sent up from the deck during naval operations to aid in locating the enemy and observing the movements of his ships. This plan would require that apparatus for filling the balloon be kept on board ship with the means of making gas. It has been suggested that the army equipment be adopted. This includes carefully constructed tubes which hold the condensed gas for the balloon and enable the outfit to be transported many miles. There is, on the other hand, no emergency which requires the condensation of gas in the navy, and if the military balloon be added to warships it will probably be accompanied by the entire apparatus for inflation and filling.

There is always a question whether a balloon serves any practical purpose, although it undeniably increases the radius of vision, which in itself is an important feature in naval operations. The incident which prompts our officers to discuss the idea now is the adoption of the balloon on some of the foreign ships of war, notably in the German navy. While the scheme is in its experimental stage, there have been enough material results since the adoption of the balloon to suggest its utility on board our own ships of war. The policy of our naval strategists in this respect is that we must not allow our possible enemies to distance us in the plan of national armament.

A Yankee Boniface in Siam.

Wallace J. Palmer, of New Haven, Conn., used to run hotels in Florida. Fortune took him to Siam, where he thought he saw a chance to make a hit with an American hostelry. He opened one on a small scale and the English-speaking residents make it prosper. The place attracted the attention of the king of Siam, who visited it repeatedly and liked it so well that he made Mr. Palmer his caterer, and has since given him a fine plat of land in the capital on which is to be erected a $200,000 hotel.

Golden Visions in Rome.

A Rome correspondent writes that during holy year—next year—it is expected that Rome will draw as many visitors as the Paris exposition. According to calculations which have been made by the vatican secretary of state at least 1,200,000 pilgrims will visit Rome, an average of 3,000 a day. The amount of Peter's pence they will bring is expected to reach $10,000,000, while the amount of money they will spend in Italy is reckoned at $300,000,000.

A Pacific Cable.

The British are about to commence their Pacific cable, extending from Vancouver via certain islands to Australia and New Zealand. It will be 8,000 miles long and complete the electric circuit of the globe. The cost is placed at $7,500,000, and is to be borne by Canada, Australia and the British government, but chiefly by Australia. The object is to unite the scattered fragments of the empire more closely and also to reduce cable rates.

Burmese Children Smoke.

Smoking, long common among Burmese children, is on the increase.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

The chalk plate process is being used with satisfaction in the various monthly reports of the Climate and Crop Service.

Married people outlive the unmarried, the temperate and industrious live longer than the gluttonous and idle, and the residents of civilized nations live longer than those of uncivilized countries.

Sir Robert Ball makes the statement that of 30,000,000 suns the existence can be proved scientifically. Around each sun its planets revolve. The electric flash which girdles the earth seven times in less than a second might travel straight ahead for 1,890 years and not reach the farthest of these known suns.

Liquid air is so cold that mercury immersed in it turns solid, and can be employed to hammer a nail. Yet, when a glass tube containing liquid hydrogen is immersed in liquid air the hydrogen gently boils, and gradually turns into vapor, like water simmering over a slow fire. The temperature of liquid air is 312 degrees Fahrenheit below zero; but that is "hot" compared with the temperature of liquid hydrogen, which is about 420 degrees below zero.

The St. Lawrence canals will attract a great deal of trade when they are completed. The capacity of the canals now nearing completion will at first be about 3,000,000 tons a year in one direction, but by degrees as ships are built more to the requirements of the trade, the capacity may be doubled, and when the power of the falls for lighting purposes is fully used and the canal system comes under the government's control 12,000,000 tons each way may be handled.

A shaft which has just been completed by the Bethlehem Steel company for the Boston Elevated railway is 27 feet 10 inches long, and the diameter of the flywheel fit is 37 inches; the diameter of journals, 34 inches; the diameter of the crank disk fit 32 inches. The shaft is hollow, the axis hole being 17½ inches in diameter. The weight is 65,410 pounds. The shaft is of fluid compressed nickel steel hydraulically forged on a mandrel, oil tempered and annealed.

STARTLING RAT STORY.

A London District Post Office Closed and Houses Overrun by the Rodents.

About a year ago an important district post office in London was closed. It had been opened for stamps, money orders, post office orders and telegrams till midnight, and it was in the center of a thickly-populated district. One day the doors were shut and a card affixed, stating that it was closed for repairs. Weeks passed and it was not reopened. The postmaster general received complaints by the score. But the weeks became months, and still the doors remained closed. And the people around wondered why.

The truth is at last out, and some of the families residing near know it to their cost. The post office in question had to be closed because it had become the happy hunting ground of vast hordes of rats, who consumed letters by the bagful, and many postal orders, money order forms and other official papers. The rats forced the post office to be closed, and after numerous attempts to rid the place of the rodents, it was found possible to do so only by putting down entirely new cement foundations and entirely retimbering the place. As nearly as possible the post office had, but for its mere shell, to be rebuilt. That done, the troubles of the immediate neighborhood became accentuated. Driven from the post office the rats have journeyed to the surrounding houses, which are now infested with them.

The correspondent from whom the above information comes has had several cats in his place, and they have done something to keep things down; but, to use his words, "to go home is to find the wife and the maids with flying petticoats rushing up the stairs, servants won't stay in the house except for a very short time, mats and pictures, some of the latter several feet up the walls, have been consumed, my wife is terror-stricken, and when I reach home at night I often find her locked, half starved, in an upper room afraid to move about and too nervous even to go near where the food is kept until I come in." The informant states that his experience is similar to that of many residing near him."—London News.

Effects of War on Game.

I heard two South African sportsmen discussing the other day the possible effects a campaign spread over a large area might have on the dwindling big game of that region. The conclusion they arrived at was that the game had already receded beyond the possible sphere of influence of such operations. At the same time war has before now had strange and far-reaching effects on the distribution of local fauna, as, for instance, when the cannonading in 1870-71 drove great bustards across the seas and into our eastern counties in numbers unprecedented since that magnificent bird forsook this island for good and all many years ago.—London Leader.

Her Majesty's Portrait.

Prof. Angeli, the queen's favorite painter, who has recently been intrusted with the execution of a portrait of her majesty, enjoys her highest confidence. No secret, he has been telling an interviewer, is hidden from him. The last time the queen was sitting to him at Windsor castle, on the occasion of her eightieth birthday, she wished to be taken simply as a woman, not as the queen. This portrait, at her majesty's desire, is to be reproduced for circulation among the English people. The queen, however, will not allow the original portrait to be used for reproduction, so Prof. Angeli will make a copy of it.—Chicago Times-Herald.

PEOPLE TESTIFY.

Reference That Is Surely Worth Looking Up.

A Man Who Tells His Friends What Has Done Him Much Good.

We will tell you what will cure the worst kind of a case of backache caused from the kidneys. We will not only tell you, but will refer you to people in all walks of life who have used Kid-ne-oids with the best results. We ask you to read this statement from Jacob Hunsecker, Franklin street, Delphos, Ohio, who says: "A short time ago I had opportunity to test the merits of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. I had been troubled for several years with lame back. Sometimes it would be sharp shooting pain or a dull, heavy bearing-down pain. I was also troubled with nervousness and could not sleep well at night. I had other symptoms of kidney trouble, including swelling of the joints. Morrow's Kid-ne-oids being highly recommended for my trouble I decided to try them. Kid-ne-oids greatly relieved my backache, quieted my nerves, and greatly relieved all other symptoms of kidney trouble. I will continue to take Kid-ne-oids and will heartily recommend them for kidney trouble."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but yellow tablets and cure all disorders of the kidneys, backache, nervousness and sleeplessness. They sell at fifty cents a box at all drug stores.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

The executive council of the Modern Woodmen of America have elected Dr. B. E. Jones, of Buffalo, Kan., as head physician vice Dr. J. H. Hibben, deceased.

Catherine Augusta McSweeney, aged 21 years, wife of Henry McSweeney, solicitor of the United Pipe Line Co., and allied interests, died suddenly Sunday at Oil City, Pa., from blood clot on the heart.

Former residents of Texas, living in Chicago, met at the Tremont house Sunday and made plans for the establishment of the Chicago Texas club. James Pfouts was elected president and J. M. Cox, secretary.

The executive committee of the National league will meet in Washington Tuesday, December 12, to fix upon the time and place for its convention in 1900. The meeting has been called by President George Stone, of San Francisco.

Alfred Duttenhoffer, who is at the head of a grain firm with houses at Mannheim and Duisburg, Germany, has just closed deals with several Kansas City grain firms, involving a purchase of several hundred thousand dollars' worth of southwestern wheat.

Leonard B. Ibden, formerly of Fort Worth, Tex., who, two months ago, was found guilty of conducting a "wild cat" bank in Kansas City, has been formally sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment in the state penitentiary at Jefferson City.

The Union stock yards and allied interests have a plan on foot to hold in Chicago about next November an international live stock exposition, which to that industry will be what the World's fair was to all industries. The promoters claim that the co-operation of Chicago business men is assured.

About 2,500 Chicago members of the Knights and Ladies of Honor have seceded from the organization because of dissatisfaction with the management of the affairs of the body by the supreme lodge. Fourteen lodges in Chicago have withdrawn and have set up a rival concern which is styled the German American Federation of Illinois.

President Loubet unveiled in the Place de la Nation Sunday a statue symbolizing the triumph of the republic. The premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, and all the other members of the cabinet were present. The ceremony was witnessed by an immense crowd. There was an imposing procession of municipal functionaries and labor delegations.

JUSTICE BY WIRE.

A Case in Kansas That Was Conducted Over the Long-Distance Telephone.

This country is right up to date in its legal methods, says the Abilene (Kan.) Reflector. Lately a warrant was issued from Chapman for the arrest of a party charged with assault and battery. The defendant heard of it, but was not arrested, keeping out of the way. He employed Senator Hessin, of Manhattan, to take care of the case for him. It was not a serious matter and the defendant was guilty. So Mr. Hessin called up on the long-distance telephone the justice of the peace in Chapman who had jurisdiction of the case and inquired if the case was pending, and learned that it was. He then called County Attorney Smith, at Abilene, who in turn called the justice into a conference. The result was that Mr. Hessin entered the appearance of the defendant at Chapman, 33 miles away, by 'phone; pleaded guilty for him by 'phone and the justice imposed a fine of five dollars and costs by 'phone, and Mr. Hessin remitted it by draft in afternoon mail. Presumably justice may be dispensed after awhile without courthouses or the formality of trials therein.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

ERIE R. R.

NO.	WEST.	DEPART
6	Vestibule limited, daily for Chicago and the West	11:23 a m
8	Pacific express, daily for Chicago and the West	1:12 a m
1	Express, daily except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:10 a m
3	Local freight, daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m
8	Wells-Fargo fin'd express, daily except Monday	4:59 p m
	EAST.	
5	Vestibule limited, daily for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
7	Express, daily except Sunday	8:24 p m
13	Express, daily for New York	8:41 a m
83	Local freight daily ex. Sunday	7:00 a m

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R

Change of time on Pennsylvania Line.

Under a new schedule in effect Nov. 19th, 1899. Passenger trains over the Pennsylvania Lines leave Lima station as follows:

For the East No. 6 leaves at ..... *7:15 a m
" 86 " " ..... 10:31 a m
" 20 " " ..... *2:54 p m
" 8 " " ..... 9:20 p m
" 2 " " ..... 10:45 p m

For the West No. 16 leaves at ..... 1:50 a m
" 5 " " ..... 3:33 a m
" 39 " " ..... *9:40 a m
" 9 " " ..... *2:34 p m
" 35 " " ..... *6:24 p m

*Denotes Change. F M EAKIN, Ticket Agent.

C., H. & D. R. R.

In effect June 25 1899, at 4:45 o'clock

No.	NORTH.	
12	arrives daily, except Sunday	1:50 a m
14	arrives " except Sunday	5:55 a m
2	arrives " except Sunday	8:15 a m
6	leaves "	11:57 a m
4	arrives " except Sunday	4:35 p m
10	arrives "	9:00 p m
58	" Sunday only	9:55 a m
50	Sunday only	7:40 a m
NO.	SOUTH.	
7	arrives daily	2:05 a m
11	leaves " except Sunday	5:45 a m
1	leaves " except Sunday	9:20 a m
5	leaves "	12:41 p m
3	leaves "	4:09 p m
13	arrives "	7:45 p m
65	Sunday only, leaves	7:30 p m

L. E. W.

East—Leave daily 7:30 p. m. Leav daily except Sunday, 6:00 a. m and 1:45 p. m. West—Leave daily 9:50 a. m. Daily except Sunday 2:40 a. m Sandusky accommodation arrives at :00 p. m.

D. & L. N. R. R.

Taking effect Oct. 8, 1899.

Passenger trains of the Detroit & Lima Northern arrive and depart from Lima as follows:

NO.	ARRIVES
1, Detroit, Adrain and Lima	1:15 p m
3, Detroit, Adrain and Lima	10:00 p m
NO.	LEAVES
2, Lima, Leipsic, Adrain and Detroit	6:00 a m
4, Lima, Leipsic, Adrain and Detroit	3:00 p m
For Lakeview, Bellefontaine, etc., leave via O S R R	4:25 a m
From Lakeview, Bellefontaine, etc., arrives via O S R R	10:55 a m

All trains daily except Sunday, South bound trains depart from Bellefontaine avenue.

LOW RATES TO PHILADELPHIA

Via Pennsylvania Lines for Export Exposition.

On Nov. 14th and 25th excursion tickets to Philadelphia will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines account the National Export Exposition. Tickets may be purchased by the public generally. The rate will be one fare for the round trip, and will be good for return trip leaving Philadelphia within ten days from date of sale. For particulars apply to F. M. Eakin, Ticket Agent, Lima, O.

They're here.

Philadelphia Excursions

Via Chicago & Erie R. R. for the Export Exposition and return at one fare for the round trip on Nov. 14th and 25th. Tickets will be good returning for ten days. For information, apply to Chicago & Erie Ticket agents.

Thanksgiving Day Excursions

Via Erie Lines, excursion tickets will be sold at all stations of the Erie lines to points on those lines within a radius of 150 miles of selling station. Tickets on sale November 29th and 30th, good returning until December 1st inclusive. For rates and information concerning trains, apply to your ticket agent of the Erie railroad.

Th Nickl Plat Road

Offers one and one third fare for the round trip Nov. 29th and 30th, good returning until Dec. 1st inclusive, account Thanksgiving Day. Tickets available within a radius of 150 miles. Inquire agents.

Small business room for rent on East High street. Inquire at NEWS Office.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Miss Doshia Verbryke, is the regular collector for the NEWS, and subscribers are hereby notified to pay all subscriptions to her, as the carrier boys are not allowed to receive money.

They're here.

People's Free Wants

Will Fill Your Wants.

The NEWS is the medium through which the general public may have their wants supplied. Quick results; best returns. Situations or help wanted, lost and found, for rent, want to rent—all advertisements under these heads of 25 words, two insertions free to subscribers of this paper. For Sale are charged for payable in advance. The NEWS is the recognized directory for those desiring to supply such wants. Everything coming under the other headings, one time 25 cents, 3 times 35 cents. All ads payable in advance

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—Position as teamster in oil field. Have experience in this work. Address D S care NEWS office. 3t

WANTED—Situation at any kind of work. Call at 605 north Union street.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—New house of 5 rooms will sell if sold within 10 days for $600, as I want to go away. Call at 1022 N. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—County map; latest make; will sell at a bargain. Inquire at the NEWS office.

WANTED—Salesman and women. Special proposition to wide awake persons. 403 Shultz Building, Columbus, O.

WANTED—Chamber maid and porter at the Hotel Cambridge. Apply at once. 3t

FOR RENT, ETC.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. Call at 139 east High.

FOR RENT—One or two nicely furnished front rooms on first floor with all conveniences on west Market street. Private entrance. Address J K NEWS office.

FOR RENT—Two good new houses in West Lima; modern improvements; also barn. Low rent to good parties. Call at room 2 Satterthwaite block.

FOR SALE—A horse, buggy and harness for sale cheap. Inquire at 55 Tanner Ave.

PURE. COOL.

BEER THAT MADE CINCINNATI FAMOUS.

BREWED BY THE

Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.,

ININNA TI OHIO.

Try our Barbarosa and National Export, the Queen of Beers. For family use. Recommended and endorsed by physicians everywhere. We are all right on prices for Weddings and socials of all kinds. Wagons deliver to all parts of the city. Telephone 124.

T. C. SULLIVAN,

GENERAL AGENT.

REFRESHING, NEUTRITIOUS.

J. E. SUMMERS,

Tailor and Draper,

140 North Main Street.

An Example of the Difference in Surplus Earnings.

15-payment life policies. 15-year accumulative periods. Issued 1883. Age 34. $5,000 each.

COMPANY.	NORTHWESTERN.	NEW YORK LIFE	EQUITABLE.
No. of Policy.	122,470—1	179,042	269,812
Name of Insured,	James Vick,	Adolf Shakman,	Abram Rapp,
Residence,	Rochester, N. Y.	Chicago, Ill.	Cripple Creek, Col.
Annual Premium,	$194.95	$195.45	$195.45
Total Premiums Paid,	$2,924.25	$2,931.75	$2,931.75
RESULTS IN 1898			
Accumulated Surplus,	$1,214.98	$ 874.00	$ 762.75
Guaranteed Value,	2,354.40	2,354.40	2,278.70
Total Cash Value,	$3,569.38	$3,228.40	$3,041.45
Life Annuity,	91.26	65.66	58.00
In lieu of Accumulated surplus.			
Paid-up Insurance,	$7,580.00*	$6,880.00†	$6,675.00†
In lieu of total cash value.			

Northwestern's Accumulated Surplus exceeds New York Life's	$340.98
" Total Cash Value " " " "	340.98
" Life Annuity " " " "	25.66
" Paid up Insurance " " " "	720.00
" Accumulated Surplus exceeds Equitables	452.30
" Total Cash Value " "	527.93
" Life Annuity " "	33.34
" Paid-up Insurance " "	905.00

*Participating. †Non-participating.

To receive Northwestern Dividends you must have Northwestern Policy.

O'CONNOR BROS. General Agents. | R. E. Davis, E. L. Thomas, } Special Agents

The NEWS want column is the real thing.

You Will be Proud

Of your clothes if you have them made here. We give perfect satisfaction in quality, fit and finished. We take great pains with our customers. We want to keep their trade. If we get yours we know that we will keep it, as we can give satisfaction in every detail.

Sherman Werner & Co.

Tailors, 303 North Main.

J D Bridges, Editor "Democrat," Lancaster, N H, says: "One Minute Cough Cure is the best remedy for croup I ever used." Immediately relieves and cures coughs, colds, croup, asthma, pneumonia, bronchitis, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. It prevents consumption. H F Vortkamp northeast cor. Main and North streets.

REDUCED RATE

For Thanksgiving Day Trips via Pennsylvania Lines.

For the accommodation of persons wishing to make Thanksgiving Day trips, excursion tickets will be sold at any ticket station of the Pennsylvania Lines to stations on those lines within a radius of 150 miles of selling point. Tickets will be on sale November 29th and 30th, good returning until December 1st, inclusive. For rates, time of trains, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

"I had dyspepsia fifty-seven years and never found permanent relief till I used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Now I am well and feel like a new man," writes S J Fleming, Murray, Neb. It is the best digestant known. Cures all forms of indigestion. Physicians everywhere prescribe it. H. F. Vortkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE LIMA NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
(EXCEPT SUNDAY)

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper will confer a favor by reporting to this office either by postal card or telephone.

The News solicits from its readers communications discussing pertinent questions.

No. 316 NORTH MAIN STREET
Opposite Court House.

Entered at the Postoffice at Lima, Ohio, as second-class matter.

Both 'Phones 417

E. W. JACKSON, President.
J. R. FINNELL, Managing Editor.

WATSON'S WEATHER.

Warmer tonight and rain. Rain Wednesday.

PARTIES ARE PASSING.

"Parties and their legitimate products, bosses, have served their day, and the people are now in the process of taking another step forward to a better political system. It would be as foolish to rail against parties as it would have been for our forefathers to rail against the flail, the spinning wheel, sickle or hand loom."

The above is an extract from the second letter issued by Mayor Jones on the lesson taught by the non-partisan movement in Ohio. It has been made manifest that the partisan organs of the State suppressed the news of non-partisanism, and are still jesting concerning any change it may make. While the movement itself accomplished little on its face, a few years will show what really great causes it was the means of making.

The day is not far distant when party campaigns will have been relegated to the rear in municipalities. This is true even now in villages and townships. The system now being perfected by the municipal commission code appointed by Governor Bushnell will recommend just such a nominating system as is now practiced in the election of officials in small villages, where one or the other of the two parties is in such predominance as to make party lines unsatisfactory. At the municipal elections in these villages, the candidates for the various offices are usually placed on one ticket, each name of a candidate appearing under the head of the office for which he is striving. Such will be the course pursued in nominating city officials, should the recommendations of this Commission be drafted into laws. If this plan is pursued the man who is a republican; he who is a democrat; and he of any other party or of no party will have each a fair chance of election, and no boss-made candidates will be in the field. The Commission will also recommend the doing away with the emblem on the party tickets, and this, likewise, will banish the cry of the party press to the voters—"Put your mark under the eagle, and let'er go at that."

STATE Treasurer Campbell has made his annual report for the fiscal year ending November 15th and it shows Ohio in good condition. The total balance now in the general revenue fund, the fund available for the general state expences, is $1,033,632 35. At this time last year it was $594,026 87, and on November 16, 1897, it was only $451,600. It has not exceeded half a million at any time in the last 20 years before, excepting only last year. The total balance of all funds in the Treasury is now $1,196,977 08.

THE official vote of Ohio at the late election has been computed, giving the Nash plurality at 43,023. In Cuyahoga Nash had a plurality of 13,911 over McLean, while the Jones plurality in this county reached 14,934, and in Lucas 1,425. Jones over the state received 106,721 votes.

WITH better fire protection will the insurance companies reduce the rate in Lima?

MEXICO.

Hear Rev Father Kress, of Cleveland, Wednesday, Nov 22nd, 'Opera House. Subject, "Mexico, Past and Present" under auspices Knights of St John. Tickets on sale at Vortkamp's drug store.

THEATRE GOSSIP.

Probably no play produced by Manager Frohman since "The Prisoner of Zenda" has achieved such a measure of success as "A Colonial Girl," the charmingly quaint story of old New York which had such a phenomenal success at the New York Lyceum last year when Sothern was playing there. It ran to crowded houses for a long time there, and later was seen in the large cities throughout the country. Its success caused Manager Daniel Frohman to send it on the road this year. Howard Gould has been selected for the part of Godfrey Remsen, the hero of "A Colonial Girl," and those who witnessed his fine performance in Anthony Hope's play, will be interested to watch his further career. "A Colonial Girl" has been pronounced to be "One of the few successful American plays by American authors upon an American subject." It is announced for Tonight.

* *

Perhaps the most notable event of the present amusement season will be the presentation in this city next Thursday evening at the opera house, of "The Turtle." The annals of stage history offer few such great successes as "The Turtle." For over 200 nights it filled the Manhattan Theatre to the doors. The droll and fantastic complications of "The Turtle" are all the more mirth provoking because the mistakes involving its personage are perfectly clear and apparent. Unlike many witty trifles transplanted from the French stage, it does not involve the theme of marital inconstancy. Its characters are proper people and its events more alone in logical sequence to delightfully absurd conclusions. It is a frank, merry play, admirably acted by players of individual distinction. Prices 25, 50 and 75c, boxes $1.00

* *

The "A Colonial Girl" company arrived in the city this morning from Toledo, where a performance was given last night at the Valentine theatre.

PERSONAL NOTES.

O T Owen is in Kokomo, Indiana.

Dr Rudy is in Spencerville today.

Will Brown, of Ottawa is in the city.

John Attleberger went to Dayton this morning.

Mrs Bacchus, of Terre Haute, Ind., is the guest of her parents here.

P. K. Morrison, of Muncie, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Willard Price.

Mrs. Pat McCambridge, of Toledo, is visiting her sister, Mrs. John McCambridge.

J W Halfhill returned from Wapak at noon, where he was in attendance at circuit court.

Born, to Mr and Mrs. "Doc" Diehl, of north Central avenue, Sunday, a baby boy.

Miss Marshall, of Toledo, is the guest of Mrs George Mehaffey, of west Spring street.

Gus Graf, of Decatur, Ill, is the guest of his uncle, Dan Graf, of Gooding's shoe store.

Mrs. M. T. Bedford has returned from Wapakonetta, after visiting her son. Dr. Victor Bedford.

Miss Mayme Blair has returned to her home in Ft Wayne, after a visit with Mrs. E. B. Mitchell.

Mrs. Eishman left for her home in Chicago, after a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Morris, of north West street.

Mrs Johnnie Jones, of Clinton, Ill., is here visiting relatives and friends. Her husband will join her here Thanksgiving.

Mrs. W. L. Walton, of New York City is here for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Thomson, of west Market street.

W. R. C. NOTICE.

The regular meeting of the W. R. C. will be held this eve. at Memorial Hall.

Call and inspect our line of Carbon, Carbonette and Platinotyzes, also a full line of different style card mounts including the Celeran panel. Helser's Studio, 56 1-2 Public square. 5-2t

REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—One of the choicest lots on west Wayne street, at a bargain price. Inquire of, The Meily Agency, Room 20 Opera House block. 3t

They're here.

The Undertaker's Lot

He Tells of Some of the Many Sorrows and Drawbacks of His Peculiar Occupation.

By CHARLES B. LEWIS. —Copyrighted.

"You see, now," began the undertaker in a plaintive voice, as he extended his hand, "if I was in the hardware business I'd probably have something new and novel in rat-traps or potato-mashers to show you, and if I was a grocer I could call your attention to fresh eggs, new teas and various sorts of jam. Even as a tailor or a cobbler it might prove interesting to interview me, but as an undertaker—"

"But the business has its lights and shadows," I protested.

"All shadows, sir—all shadows," he mournfully replied. "Let us begin at the beginning. As a youth I was effervescent. I was always bubbling—always laughing—always given to mirth. I was always thinking of riddles and jokes and conundrums, and I had the reputation of being a wit. I am the person, sir, who got off that conundrum: 'Why is an elephant like a brick?' and I was only 17 years old at the time. It was over a year before anyone guessed the answer: 'Because he can't climb a tree.' And it was I, sir, who first asked: 'What ails Hanna?' And it was I again who first wrung in that query about Tom Collins and first exclaimed: 'Ah! there!'"

The man shook his head in a mournful way and sighed heavily, and I had begun to feel sorry for him when he continued:

"I'd have been a comedian of the first water, or a second Artemas Ward. I was developing that way, and a fine and funny career was opening to me, when my father steered me into the undertaking business and changed the tenor of my life. Look at the irony of fate, sir. I am the man who originated the expression: 'I don't have to,' and yet I had to, sir—had to go into the business and become what I am. I didn't feel so bad at first. I thought one could be an undertaker and yet crack jokes, invent riddles and spring conundrums on the unsuspecting public. It seemed to me that the situation offered even better advantages, but ah-um, sir—ah-um! I hadn't been in the business an hour when I discovered that there wasn't a smile from roof to cellar. The last catch-word I got off was just as I entered the doors: 'Pull down your vest.' Five minutes later I had pulled my own down, and it has never worked up since. Perhaps as an actor or a humorist I might have committed murder and been hung, by the neck, but I look back with longing and regret. There are times, sir, when I positively ache to ask a customer why a clam up a tree is like a hen in a well, and I have to hold on to myself to keep from remarking: 'S'mother eve,' or 'Hardly ever.' I can't make you understand the feeling, sir."

"But there must be times—must be intervals—when you are alone—when you are out of the store—that you can indulge yourself?"

"Never—never a time, sir!" he groaned. "Once you get your voice attuned and your face set there must be no change. Your expression and speech are part of the business. There must be no trifling. Even when I wake up at midnight in my own bed and know that nobody can see or hear me I dare not trifle with myself enough to softly whisper: 'Oh! Cheese it.' No sir, it would never do. If I was in the dry goods business I could sing out to you as you came in the door: 'Ah! there, Cholly!' but just imagine my greeting anybody that way in this business! I smile, sir, but I never, never laugh. Other folks may laugh as a fat man strikes an icy corner and claws around for fence-rails and goes down with a whoop, but it is not for me, sir—not for me. It is not against the ethics to attend a minstrel show, but when I do attend, sir, it isn't over 15 minutes before the usher comes down with my money and whispers: 'Get out, old man—you are freezing up the show!' I am permitted to smile now and then, but it must not be a smile of exhilaration and good nature. No, sir. It must be a sad and sorrowful smile—something to make you think of a shaft with a lamb on top of it, even if you didn't know my line of business. Let me illustrate."

He smiled, and tears sprang to my eyes and my heart began to ache. He would have had me weeping in two minutes if he hadn't put the smile away to go on:

"And you see how it is when a customer comes in. I can't put on a cheery look and talk about great bargain sales, fresh stocks, newest designs and all that. And when they are ready to go I can't smile and bow and ask if there is anything more to-day and hope they will call again. I feel that I could write a drawing advertisement if I was a butcher or a grocer or kept a shoe store or was a knight of the yardstick, but what opportunity does this business furnish? Can I send out postals asking people to give my goods a trial, and giving a warranty that they will never go elsewhere after one purchase? Can I say that I am in business to give fits, and that prices are no object if customers are pleased? If I should get out dodgers reading: 'Here you are—prices cut in two—goods can't be beat—come with the rush,' the police would have to keep off the mob. A grocer can advertise: 'Shell out—Long Island eggs fresh every day—hens up to biz,' but I must sit with folded hands and wait for customers."

I didn't know what to say to comfort him, and therefore kept silent, and it was a long minute before he said:

"I never pick up a newspaper without seeing a puff for Brown or Jones or Green. They have just received a fresh stock and are going in with a bang to whoop up trade and whoop down prices. They are spoken of as enterprising, wide-awake, hustling fellows who are a credit to the town, and everybody is advised to get in early and have first pick of the bragains. Did you ever see a puff for an undertaker, sir? Of course not. He can't be puffed. No newspaper can call him a hustler and pat him on the back for his cuteness. It is forbidden him to hustle. He never attends bankrupt sales, and never has bargains. Now and then there is a brief paragraph that some undertaker has bought a new hearse, but the fact is never enlarged upon. It can't be. No newspaper can indulge in the hope that the new purchase will frequently be seen in the street, or observe that, all who are fortunate enough to get a ride in it will find it up to date in all its appointments. It's sad, sir—very sad."

I was mentally sympathizing with him when he turned to inquire:

"And office, sir—do they ever elect an undertaker in office? Do you ever hear of an undertaker making an after-dinner speech? Is he ever appointed marshal of the Fourth of July parade, or pointed out to strangers as a hero or philosopher? He never delivers an address of welcome—never shoves in his oar at a banquet—never is asked to sign his name to a petition to the common council. He's not in the business, sir—he's in some other business. Got to go? I'm glad you dropped in. In your going I should like to observe that when you need anything extra nice in my line call around and I'll give you bed-rock figures, but you see, sir—you realize how it would strike you. I can't even ask you to drop a good word for me among your friends, nor hope you will call often. I am sorrowful, sir. It is my business to be sorrowful, and the nearest approach to levity I dare attempt is to observe that the winter boom seems to have set in and things are coming my way."

Other Folks Might Laugh.

How It Happened.

White Man—Nearly a hundred years old, eh? To what do you attribute your longevity, uncle?

Uncle Shinpaugh—Sah? What's dat yo' specifies 'bout de distribution ob my longitude, sah?

White Man—Why, I asked you how it is that you have lived so long?

Uncle Shinpaugh—Uh, dat's it? I specks, sah, it's b'kaze I neber died.—Judge.

Loyalty.

"Whut did you smash him foh?"

"He insulted a frien' er mine."

"Go way! Whut did he say?"

"He said dat nex' ter me, my frien' wah de mos' ign'nt pusson in dis community."—Washington Star.

Helpful Advice.

"I sent a dollar to a woman for a recipe to make me look young."

"What did you get?"

"A card saying: 'Always associate with women 20 years older than yourself.'"—Chicago Record.

INFANTS' WEAR.

Baby's apparel receives special attention at our hands. There is no part of the little one's wardrobe that cannot be found in our Infants' Wear Department. Dainty long and short Dresses, Skirts, Cloaks, Caps, Moccasins, and Shoes, Booties and Stockings, Sacques, Bands, Diapers, Diaper Cloth, Shawls, Underwear and all other "little things" for the "little dears." All reasonable priced.

NOBBY STYLES IN CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, REEFERS and HEADWEAR.

Feldmann & Co

209-211 North Main Street.

STANDARD

It is Now Believed is the Real Purchaser.

Of the Manhattan and Cudahy Oil Interests.—Oil News.

New York, Nov. 21.—The sale of the Manhattan Oil Company, the Indiana Pipe Line and the Cudahy Company to a syndicate was reported in Wall street yesterday. It was also said that the sale of these properties has considerable to do with the gas situation in several parts of the country. The People's Gas Company of Chicago has a contract with the Manhattan Company for the purchase of oil, and it is alleged that as a result of this consolidation of interests a source of oil supply will be provided for certain New York City companies. The deal, it is added, may affect the local gas situation. A. W. Brady, of the People's Gas Company, of Chicago, said to-day:

"It is true that the People's Gas Company has sold its Manhattan Oil Company to the General Industrial Development Syndicate (limited), 24 Austin Friars, E. C. London, England. The transaction was made with Messrs. Brown Brothers and Company, of New York, and Brown, Shipley & Company, of London. We think that we made a good trade for the People's Gas Company. The company has fortified itself with a long time contract for oil."

A Wall street agency said today: "We understand that the sale of the Manhattan Oil Company is part of a general plan by which the Standard Oil Company has been able to arrange a settlement of various troubles growing out of differences of opinion with people opposing them in different enterprises. The London syndicate, to which the Manhattan Oil Company was sold, is recognized to be simply another name for the Standard Oil Company. The next step is expected to be some sort of an announcement of an advance in the price of gas in Greater New York. It is estimated from good sources that the Consolidated Gas Company may be turned over to the new Amsterdam Company in the final deal. At any rate there is good evidence of some change of importance in the local gas situation."

What Swing Missed.

Findlay, Ohio, November 21.—W J Richardson & Co., of Wellsville, N Y, yesterday paid Kelley and Fitzgerald $45,000 cash for their oil lease in the Wyoming addition in the north part of the city. The lease has 19 producing wells and the output is about 200 barrels per day. The land was formerly owned by Judge Peter Swing, of Cincinnati.

Quotations, Runs and Shipments.

Oil City, November 20.—Credit balances $1 58; certificates closed $1 58 bid for cash; shipments 107,772 brls, average 86,989 brls, runs 87,473 brls, average 78,856 brls.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

Probate Matters.

Samuel Sanford was appointed administrator of the estate of Harry Sanford, deceased.

Samuel Shindler was appointed guardian of Henry Shindler, an imbecil.

Real Estate Transfers.

W C Hall et al to the Hall & Woods Co, outlot 6, original town of Lima, $40,000.

L G Neely to Lima Steel Casting Co, 2 1-2 acres on Main street and the C H & D, $15,000.

George W Spencer, et al to S A Sellars, inlot 2130 in Pillar's addition, $1,650.

Wm Wright to Louisa E North, inlot 3119 in Leiter's addition $1,200.

Philip Dingledine and wife to Wm H Gallant, lot 3340 in Ohler's addition $1,000.

E B Smith et al, to A E Marshall, lot 5561; to Holland & Moulton lot 5517; Rosetta E Blair 5532; P A Kershaw 5508 and 5521 in Maplewood.

WHEAT

Shows Some Strength Account of Advance in Coarse Grains

Wheat this morning failed to respond to firmness of Liverpool opening, but after remaining listless for one hour at opening figures, showed strength, on account of advance in coarse grains. The Bear crowd are not agressive, but need fresh Bulls to cause any material advance, take scalping profits while December price remains under. 68c but think an advance from present price to the above figure, would be a signal for extensive buying, which would easily advance market.

Stocks—Watch Sugar, Manhattan and Southern Pacific for a long upward turn.

Quotations received daily by private wire by the G. R. Bentle Commission Co., dealers in all New York stocks and Chicago grain and provisions. Room 17, opera house block. New phone 256.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat—				
Dec	66⅝	67⅜	66⅜	67⅛-¼
May	71⅛	71⅜-½	70⅞	71⅜
Corn—				
Dec	32½	32⅝-¾	32½	32⅝-
May	33	33⅜	33	33⅜
Oats—				
Dec	23½	23½	23⅛	23½
May	24⅛	24½	24⅛	24½
Pork—				
Dec	8.02	8.15	8.02	8.10
Jan	9.50	9.55	9.47	9.52

Liverpool Cables—Wheat ⅛ lower; corn ⅛ lower. Moneys 5%. Puts, 67; calls, 67½; curb, 67⅛.

Oil Market.

Tiona	1.73
Scio	1.58
Pennsylvania	1.58
Barnesville	1.48
Corning	1.41
New Castle	1.33
North Lima	1.12
South Lima	1.07
Indiana	1.07

Just what you want. Your Photo on silk, satin or cotton fabric, just the thing for Xmas. We make our own Photo buttons at Helser's Studio East side of the square. 5-2t

FOR TRUANCY.

Frank Patton will be tried before Judge Robb tomorrow for truancy.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

Thirty four days until Christmas.

Mr George Feltz is suffering from a severely burned hand.

The Tribe of Ben Hur met last night.

The addition being built to the C H & D freight house is nearing completion.

"A colonial girl" tonight at the Faurot will be one of the theatrical treats of the season.

A want placed in the free want column of the NEWS will bring quick returns. All wants are free to subscribers.

The friends of Mr and Mrs Len Bower will be pleased to learn that their daughter Helen, who was critically ill, is improving.

Sale of seats for the Knights of St John entertainment at the Opera House tomorrow night opened at Vortkamp's drug store yesterday noon.

Lima Hive, No. 43 will give an entertainment and supper, Wednesday evening, Nov. 22nd, at the Donze Hall. Admission 10c. All come and see the new bonnet. Committee.

Remember our phones are number 417 whenever you have an item. When you send in an item please write very plainly and on only one side of the paper. We are duly thankful for all such given us.

H Simon and his brother fire laddy once upon a time went hunting for "s. unks." They took with them their dogs and thereby hangs a tail, an amusing tale which either of the above gents will gladly narrate.

The election for the offices of colonel, Lieutenant Colonel, and two majors for the second regiment is being held this afternoon but the result will not be known until late tonight as the vote does not close until 10 o'clock. The vote of company C is being taken at the council chamber, the vote opening at two o'clock this afternoon.

President R D Kahle, of the State Board of Health, who was called to Findlay by a telegram saying a case of smallpox had developed there, states that the case is the genuine article. The health authorities there have adopted stringent measures to prevent a further spread of the disease. Here's hoping the pest will not find its way to this city.

Petroleum Tent No 422 K O T M held an interesting review last night. The Banner Team from Banner Tent was up and initiated a candidate into the mysteries of the order, after which lunch was served in the banquet hall. A royal good time was enjoyed by all the Sir Knights. Petroleum Tent is bound to be the leading Tent in point of members and good fellowship.

DYING FROM WOUNDS

Is Joe Bailey, An Allen County Penitentiary Prisoner.

Joseph P. Baily, sent up from Allen county for burglary, is dying in the penitentiary. In a fight with George Brown, a half demented prisoner, Bailey was horribly butchered in the head by a huge knife.

Bailey will be remembered as the character who robbed Keller's saloon in this city and stood trial before Judge Richie. As Bailey left the court room, after being sentenced to one year, he stopped in front of Pete and shaking his fist at the saloonist, said: "Wait 'til I get out and I'll fix you, you fat ——— of ———."

Judge Richie called the prisoner back and tacked on an additional four years to his sentence.

Another Account.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 21.—Geo. Brown, of Cincinnati, up for three years for robbery, Monday attacked Joseph Bailey, five-year sentence as a pickpocket from Allen county, with a knife. With one stroke Bailey's left ear was split, the sheath of his juglar vein severed and the facial artery and muscles of his neck exposed to the windpipe.

Brown suspected Bailey of reporting him to a guard. Bailey will probably recover. William Watson, a 15-year man from Cleveland, prevented Brown from further stabbing his victim.

COUNCIL

The Dear Old Thing

The Guardian Of the City's Finances,

And Ever Watchful Over Lima's Interests,

Gave Another Chewing Contest Last Night—Green Room Gossip.

Council met last night, met good and hard. It was a farce comedy in half a dozen acts and no admission was charged. The session was without a doubt one of the most tedious affairs that has happened within the sacred chamber for a long time. Three hours were occupied in transacting thirty minutes business. It was a continued jangle—a chewing match with several prize winners. The cud was passed until it became weary and tired and at 10 p m the men of "semi circle fame" decided that a rest would do them good and "Pop" Harmon's motion to adjourn prevailed.

Ohio Sanitary Co.

The Ohio Sanitary Company, given the exclusive privilege sometime ago of handling the city's garbage; considered at the time a master piece of legislation, is no more, but a number of creditors remain.

New Fire Houses

The question of specifications for the new hose houses, one to be built on the south side and one in the north end came up last night, but committee stated that the specifications would not be ready for the council until next Monday night.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Property owners on east High street entered a protest against the paving of east High street at the present time. Referred to paving committee.

Protest against moving light from McKibben and Metcalf streets, referred to the light committee.

Briggs and Smith asked to have paving assessments on lot 2630, since dedicated as the extended part of Charles street; remitted. Assessment ordered remitted.

A report of part of the street committee recommended that E. F. Davis be employed as time keeper. Motion to adopt report was lost.

Street committee reported recommending the confirmation of the men recommeded for the street force by the commissioner. Report was adopted.

The street commissioner said he did not have men enough. He should have twenty-four men to do the work.

Davis said the street commissioner would need 150 such men as he had now to do the work. They were timed last week while at work and it cost 40c a pile to clean the street.

The following men were then confirmed as laborers:

J. Sullivan, H. Boyd, D. Myers, L. Johns, John Snyder, G. Martin, J. McDonald, J. Stewart, S. B. Miller, C. Daubler, F. McCauley, L. O'Brie and J. Mallahan.

The street commissioner had made three recommendations for the first ward, one of which was for foreman. He cut out one man for laborer and put O'Brien in his place.

The following teamsters were confirmed.

John Lyons, First ward; R. W. Wilson, Second ward; W. F. Baker, Third ward; B. McDorman, Fourth ward; H. McGuire, Fifth ward; James Wilson, Sixth ward.

No recommendation was made for the seventh ward.

Thirty-nine arrests were reported for the past week by the chief of police.

Partial estimate to D R McArthur & Co for west Wayne street paving, of 4932, was allowed.

An ordinance to improve Heindel street from Kibby street to the terminal of the street. First reading.

An agreement from Henry Frueh, allowing the contractor on Eureka street to put in a 5x20 instead of 5x24 curb, as is called for in the specifications. Motion to grant same and instruct clerk to endorse same on the contract, carried.

Specifications for the curbing and grading of Cole street, between Market and High, providing for the curbing of the street and stoning it from curb to curb after the street is properly graded.

On motion the time to be allowed for the completion of the contract was made thirty days.

Davis moved the adoption of the specifications. Carried.

Resolution to improve Cole street, between Market and High streets, by stoning, grading and curbing, and for the issue of bonds to pay for same.

On motion the engineer and clerk were instructed to investigate and report at next meeting as to whether the property would stand the assessment.

The plat of T. K. Jacobs's tenth addition to the city was referred to the street committee and engineer

A motion was carried instructing property owners abutting on Baxter, Nye and Cole streets, between Elm street and the Spencerville road, to remove all obstructions in the line of the streets within seven days, or they would be moved by the street commissioner.

The street railway company will be notified to put south Pine street in as good condition as they found it within five days or it would be done by the city at their expense. Motion carried.

WAGES

Of the Trainmen on Wheeling and Lake Erie

Will Be Increased the First of December About Ten Per Cent.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 21.—A committee, representing all branches of service on the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway, met with President Blickensderfer Monday and an agreement was reached whereby wages will be increased on December 1. Another meeting will be held on Wednesday to decide how the increase, which will amount to about ten per cent., will be applied.

"Mr. Daniels made a good point when he gave his explanation of the general demand for American locomotives for other countries. He attributed it to two causes. First came the superior quality of our machinery. But that was not generally known abroad, and the knowledge might not have been so widely spread as it now is had not the general passenger agents of American railways, through their advertising, made the marvelous results of American locomotives household words in every country of the globe. There is a great deal in that. Mr. Daniels knows the secret of success in business, in other lines as well as in railroading. It is, first have a good thing to dispose of; then advertise it widely and persistently until it becomes a 'household word.' That was a good lesson to teach a commercial congress."—Plain-dealer, Cleveland, Ohio.

RUNNING WILD

A Cut of Cars Crashed Into a L E & W Freight Train.

A cut of cars sent down the track at St Marys yesterday by the Minster occommodation on the Lake Erie and Western collided with through freight train 122, which was in charge of engineer Fess. The engine was only slightly damaged and no one was hurt.

HOME SEEKERS EXCURSION.

The Erie R R Co will sell excursion tickets to points in west, northwest and south at low rate for Round trip. Date of sale Nov. 21st, Dec. 5th and 19th for points of sale Rates, trains & etc., apply to F M McCoy, agent.

PROBLEM

Very Hard to Solve.

It is Very Difficult to Determine the

Football Championship---Saturday's Game Was Really a

Triumph for Yale, Rather Than a Drawn Battle—Lenny-Dixon Fight To-night.

The result of the game between Harvard and Yale Saturday leaves the championship affair well nigh beyond human calculation. Anybody who has the time may reckon it out if he is exceptionally good at figures. Here's the problem before them: Chicago beat Cornell, Cornell beat Princeton, Princeton beat Columbia, Columbia beat Yale, Chicago tied Pennsylvania, Harvard beat Pennsy, and then Harvad and Yale fought a great gridiron battle and the result was two ciphers. It is true that Harvard has not been beaten and yet Columbia beat Dartmouth much worse than did Harvard, so there you are, and the only way out of it is to give the championship to any old school, for to figure it out is as yet clear out of the realm of possibility. It is all a gigantic mixup and the look ahead does not promise to straighten things out no matter how things go. At this time last year the question of the championship had settled down to one or two teams, while this year a half dozen have a right to the title and this shows conclusively the great stride forward that the game has taken and it will never happen again that any team will have a monopoly on the winning of many games.

While the score was nothing to nothing, still the cipher for Yale means a victory and to Harvard defeat. A cipher for Yale meant a resumption of its ancient prestige as one of the great football leaders of the country. A cipher for Harvard means a setback after the magnificent progress of last year.

TWELVE-HOUR A DAY RACE.

Special to the News.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 21.—Quite a number of the riders who are preparing for the New York six-day race will find the twelve-hour-a-day contests being promoted in the west excellent training. John Chapman, Bobbie Walthour, John Lawson, Oscar Julius, Frank Waller and a number of others will be competitors in the Kansas City race which begins today and concludes Nov. 28, a week intervening before the New York contest.

WILL FIGHT WITH DIXON.

Special to the News.

New York, Nov. 21—Eddie Lenny, the Pittsburg featherweight, who has been matched to fight twenty-five rounds with George Dixon at the Lenox Club of New York tonight, has fought fifty-six battles and never lost a decision. He is 21 years of age and began boxing in 1896.

Sporting Gossips.

Tommy Ryan is matched to fight mysterious Billy Smith in a 25 round bout in New York in January.

"Kid" McCoy meets Peter Maher at the Coney Island sporting club, December 11th, for a purse of $20,000.

"Hans" Wagner, of Louisville, may be found with the Reds next season.

Tom Loftos will probably manage the Chicagoes in 1900.

Failed to Materialize.

The Toledo foot-ball team failed to materialize this afternoon and as a consequence there was no game.

PUT 'EM AWAY FOR A RAINY DAY...

74 Cents.

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S BRAN NEW TIGHT-ROLL UMBRELLAS; THE HANDLES COME IN CONGOS, TIRS, DRESDENS, BOXWOODS, ETC.; EQUAL TO $1 AND $1.50 VALUES.

Metellus Thomson Dry Goods Co.

$10 Tailor-Made Suits at Bluem's. $10

We have never before offered such seasonable bargains in Suits.
We have never before offered such an array of good Suits at such prices.
We have a great variety of styles, and a full line of sizes; nothing wrong with the wear, it's just our time to reduce the stock.

Homespun cloth suit, fly front jackets, full silk lined, plaited back skirts $10.00.

Broadcloth suits, fly front jacket, full silk lined; five gore, plaited back skirt $10.00.

Venetian cloth suits, tight fitting jacket, full silk lined, five gore plaited back skirt $10.00.

G. E Bluem,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

WONDERFUL

Is the Amount of Business Done by Porter & Son.

The increase in the amount of business being done by the popular piano dealers, Porter & Son, is beyond comprehension. They can not supply the demand for instruments.

The past week a beautiful Smith & Nixon, in mahogany, was sold to Victor Cardosi, as a present to his little daughter. An Eversole was sold to Mr Hofman, of Rice & Co's bank at Ottawa.

A party from Toledo was in their parlors yesterday looking for an instrument, and seemed surprised at the magnitude of their stock and their low prices.

A beautiful Steck was sold yesterday to a prominent family, to be given as a birthday present. The name will be published at a future date.

G J Baxter, of Delphos purchased an elegant Fisher piano, style M in a walnut case.

Van B Winters, popular traveling man is the happy owner of a beautiful Everett purchased at this store, for his home.

Porter & Son have added to their agencies the celebrated J and C Fischer pianos, of New York, adding another link to their strong chain of well known and celebrated pianos. You must look through their stock to appreciate it.

A L Andersen, Supt.—Please give to your company my thanks for the prompt payment of the insurance held on the life of Richard Corbett my husband, in your company. I would recommend the Western and Southern Life Insurance Company to every one desiring reliable and prompt paying life insurance. Margaret Corbett, Nov. 21, 1899.

CALL NATIONAL CORNICE CO.

To repair your roofs, etc. Spouting and job work. 121 E. High street. New 'phone 43. no-17-m

They're here.

The Free want column is open at all times to NEWS subscribers.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

Tuesday, Nov. 21st.

Mr. Daniel Frohman presents with the romantic actor,

Mr Howard Gould,

The great New York Lyceum Success

A Colonial Girl!

(A Stirling Tale of Old New York.)

Magnificent Costumes of the Period. A superb scenic environment. A typical Lyceum production.

Prices—25c, 50c, $1 and 1.50.

FAUROT OPERA HOUSE

Thursday, Nov. 23

"If all French grocer's wives had such a knack of undressing as Leonie then they would be the most bewitching creatures in the world."—New York Herald, Sept. 4, 1898.

That Much Discussed French Farce

THE TURTLE

200 Booming Nights in New York. All Paris, London and Berlin Flocked to see it.

NOTE—This organization is the only Company playing THE TURTLE this season.

Prices—25, 50 and 75 cents. Boxes 1.00.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A JOLLY SURPRISE.

The Home of Miss Ettie Elliott The Scene of one Last Night.

Last evening the many friends of Miss Ettie Elliott, of Circular street, gave her a surprise at her home which was unique in its way.

The charming hostess, equal to the occasion, cordially welcomed them. Progressive pedro was enjoyed until a late hour when a lunch was served, and the winners, Miss Louise Hover and Mr. P. Mell announced. The small hours of the morning found the guests leaving for home, voting it a jolly surprise enjoyed by all.

Allen Co. Soldiers relief committee will meet at the Court House, Monday the 27th. Dan Harpster, Pres.

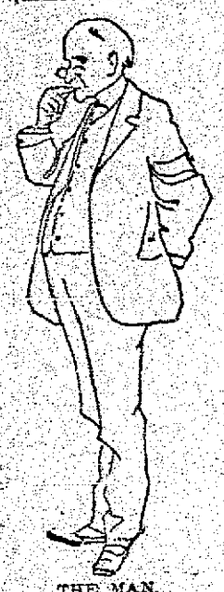
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A Victim of Conscience.

BY KENNETT F. HARRIS.

THE man was not really bad or vicious; he was merely dyspeptic. His breakfast that morning had included ham fried extremely hard, what his landlady called German fried potatoes and home-baked baking powder biscuit. After indulging in viands of this character it was his pleasing habit to produce from his waistcoat pocket a little glass vial containing homeopathic doses of pepsin and swallow two or three of the tiny white pellets with an audible gulp, though he was in the main a well-meaning man. He had swallowed his usual dose, but it had not alleviated his distressing symptoms, and what should have been the whites of his eyes were quite yellow as he furled his umbrella in the hall and brushed the last speck of dust from his hat.

The dog was not to blame, either. This



THE MAN.

ugliness was hereditary, and so was the aggravatingly tight curl of his tail. He was fat and wheezy because he was overfed and underexercised. That circumstance should have excited the sympathy of the man, but it did not.

The dog, which belonged next door, was standing in the middle of the sidewalk when the man came out of the house. There was a blue ribbon round the dog's neck, and the effect of that blue ribbon on the man's nerves was as scarlet to a bull. It was not because the man wanted to wear a blue ribbon, yet he regarded the dog with a certain degree of envy. He was such a well-conditioned, stupid, prosperous-looking animal and there was probably no luxury that he did not enjoy, though without a merit but his ugliness and his breed.

"A mighty poor breed," thought the man. "A pugnacious mouse would most likely scare him into a fit. There is nothing that a dog should do that he can do, yet he sleeps on a down cushion and breakfasts on mutton chops and milk. I can't get mutton chops for breakfast. I am in luck to get ham. As for milk, I suppose I could get it if I fought for it, but the atmosphere would be chilly round the table and the milk would be half water at that. He hasn't got a blamed thing to do but enjoy himself, and I have to go down and grind over a ledger all day and come back holding on to a strap in a crowded street car, and as far as I can see there is nothing better before me."

At other times the man might have taken comfort in the thought that he was regarded as a person of consequence in the implement house—that the younger clerks approached him reverentially and that he was generally consulted by the members of the firm whenever there was a big deal on. He might have reckoned in the list of the blessings vouchsafed to him the Sunday dinner with his married niece Melinda and her husband at Rogers Park, to say nothing of his book collection and his annual hunting trip—from which he returned more dyspeptic than ever. But just now the fiend possessed him and all was gall and bitterness, dust and ashes and vanity exceeding.

Consequently he kicked the dog. The pudgy little creature tried to get out of his way, but was too slow, and, moreover, got so confused by the man's brisk advance that he waddled right against his legs. The man said "Darn!" which was an expression out of all proportion to the kick. It was about as vicious a kick as could be, and the little pug was impelled by its force to the foot of the steps, where he lay, struggling feebly for a moment before he recovered strength and breath to howl. Then he howled.

The man did not exactly run, but he walked fast and did not look behind. He heard a door shut and the sound of the howling ceased, and he concluded that the dog had been taken indoors by his grief-stricken mistress. He wished that he had not kicked so hard and tried to tell himself that his calculation had been that the dog would get out of the way in time to evade the full force of the impact.

This dyspeptic man had a conscience that was particularly healthy and vigorous—a conscience that nailed its colors to the mast, hewed to the exact line and would admit of no compromise—a conscience that for years had been pining for something to do, and now acting in cooperation with a lively imagination and morbid stomach proceeded to make life very burdensome for the man.

Before this experience the man had entertained a fairly good opinion of himself. Now he felt that he was little better than a murderer. "And a cowardly, mean-spirited murderer," added conscience. "Could you have kicked a man if he had been like that? Ay, but a poor little pug—an inoffensive little animal that a magnanimous kitten would have scorned to swear at—was fair game for you. Do you realize how thick your bootsoles are?"

Then imagination pictured the dog writhing in pain with fractured ribs and displaced internal organs, whimpering more and more feebly, and yet striving to lick the hand with which its weeping mistress tried to soothe its agony. Of course it would be absurd for a woman to weep over a fat, asthmatic little beast like that, and yet there were doubtless cases where people became attached even to pugs. Memory carried the man back to a time when he loved a stolid and unresponsive guinea pig, which he kept in the back garden. He remembered that he howled dismally when it died of a surfeit of turnips. The man groaned.

"What's the trouble?" asked the shipping clerk. "Haven't got the toothache, have you?"

"It's been bothering me more or less for a week. Guess I'll have to have it out," replied the man, and then conscience went for him again.

It happened that another clerk soon after spoke of a teamster that he had seen trying to make a wreck and remnant of a horse pull a tremendous load—how the horse had strained its galled shoulders against the collar again and again, and then, slipping, fell sprawling on the granite and was lashed unmercifully by its driver. All the others loudly condemned the inhumanity of the teamster, but the man was silent.

"Dare to say a word," said conscience. "The teamster had his load to deliver. He had to get his horse up. He was ignorant, but you—what excuse can you offer?"

The man knew he had none. He felt that he had forfeited his right to exclaim against anything short of the Spanish inquisition. He had anticipated a great deal of pleasure in inveighing at the boarding house table against the brutality of the approaching prize fight, but it was quite likely that by night everybody would be informed how he brutally kicked the pug. Perhaps, he thought, the pug had died of its injuries. The little round body was perhaps stiff in death, the brown eyes glazed and sightless, the gleaming white teeth clinched—because he had happened to cross the path of a bitter, malevolent reincarnation of Nero.

All day long the man's conscience harried him. It seemed that nobody in the boarding house had heard about the matter, and yet the man thought there was a distinct alteration in the bearing of the boarders toward him. It affected his appetite for dinner, as the memory of the kick had destroyed his inclination for lunch.

One of the boarders spoke of the football game, and the man thought he detected a veiled allusion to his treatment

HE WORRIED.

of the pug. Another, referring to a companion's criticism of the butter, remarked that "some men would kick at anything," and the man shuddered.

That night the man slept little. He was wondering how the pug felt, and wrestling with his conscience. When from sheer weariness his eyes closed in slumber he was disturbed with visions of savage dogs which chased him. He rose heavy-lidded and despondent.

There was corned beef hash for breakfast that morning, and the man was uncommonly fond of corned beef hash—which was one reason why he was a dyspeptic—but the portion that he took on his plate was almost untouched when he left the table.

As he took up his umbrella in the hall he told himself that 24 hours before he was not a criminal. He sighed heavily.

He walked down the steps, and his face was averted from the house. Somebody, he thought, might be looking out of the window and see and recognize him. He felt he could not sustain a reproachful glance. Then, as he turned to walk down the street, he started at the sound of a sharp bark.

The pug was standing in the shelter of the doorway, barking at the man with unbelievable energy and heartiness. His curly tail vibrated and his black muzzle bared his white teeth as he yelped his defiance and anger, but the man stood and looked at him with a happy smile on his face.

"Thank the Lord!" ejaculated the man, piously.—Chicago Daily Record.

Matrimonial Repartee.

"You are your own worst enemy," she said.

"Why do you keep reminding me of the fact that I deliberately asked you to marry me?" he returned.—Chicago Post.

Knew What He Was About.

Lawyer—I must know the whole truth before I can successfully defend you. Have you told me everything?

Prisoner—Except where I hid the money. I want that for myself.—Tit-Bits.

KEPT THEM IN LINE.

Inside History of the Passage of the McKinley Bill.

Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms of the House Tells How He Managed to Keep a Quorum Constantly on Hand.

[Special Washington Letter.]

THE voters of this country like to hear the politicians talk to them about 'the sovereign people,' because it tickles their pride and makes them feel that they are really running their government; when they are not," says Tom Cavanaugh, the long time deputy sergeant-at-arms of the national house of representatives.

"For example," he continued, "the people imagine that they cause legislation, and compel public servants to do thus and so; when as a matter of fact they seldom produce the results which they aim at in casting their ballots. Tens of thousands, and probably millions, of people to-day believe that William McKinley formulated and passed the McKinley bill, the measure upon which he builded his presidential hopes and aspirations so successfully.

"As a matter of fact, in the passage of that bill I did as much solid effective work as McKinley did. Moreover, the bill, as it came from the committee on ways and means, was the work of the whole committee, and not merely McKinley's work. Then again, the bill as it came back from the senate was an entirely different bill, and might better have been called the Allison bill, because it was formulated under the direction of the Iowa statesman.

"But as to the final passage of the bill in the house of representatives, as reported from the committee on ways and means, let me tell you that I did the bulk of the real hard work; did lots of it while McKinley was sound asleep. This will seem strange to your readers, although of course the watchful newspaper men knew what was going on at the time, although they did not know all of the details of the work.

"One morning a messenger came to me and informed me that the speaker

CONFERENCE IN THE SPEAKER'S ROOM.

wanted me to come to his room. That was in the Fifty-first congress and Tom Reed was speaker. I responded of course at once, and when I entered the speaker's room I found there McKinley, of Ohio; Cannon, of Illinois; Henderson, of Iowa, and other leading committee chairmen and floor leaders of the republican majority. The speaker informed me that the tariff bill was to be taken up for consideration, and that I must make it my duty to keep a quorum of the majority members present all the time. I stated that this could only be done by order of the sergeant-at-arms of the house, and that gentleman was sent for. The speaker told him what was going on, and he issued the order which enabled me to devote all of my time to keeping a quorum present.

"You see, the republicans only had about a dozen majority in the house, and the democrats were refraining from voting, some of them remaining absent from the house entirely. The members of the majority party were somewhat indifferent. That is to say, quite a number of them would absent themselves from the house in order to look after business in the executive departments, or to look after their correspondence. Some of them, only a few, paid more attention to pleasure seeking than to business. It was thus made my duty to keep a quorum present; and it was a difficult task.

"I personally saw every republican member of the house, and informed each of them that no absence would be excused at any time under any circumstance, except sickness in their families; and that before leaving the capitol at any time, even for a few minutes, each member should go to the office of the sergeant-at-arms and leave the address at which he could be found most quickly.

"This was done systematically every day. You would be surprised to know how many representatives had to be watched like school children in order to keep them in line of duty. For three weeks I kept watch of all of them. I had the page boys divided off into watches, like sentries on guard. One page, for example, would be expected to particularly watch a certain ten men, and be ready to go after them instantly. I had horses for mounted pages, and carriages for myself and other deputies in the work. When there was a roll call demanded on any paragraph of the McKinley bill, or on any proposed amendment, I went after certain members myself, and sent my assistants after certain others. Thus, whenever there was a roll call I managed to have a quorum present. Consequently, every paragraph of the McKinley bill was passed excepting one, and that was of minor importance.

"Sometimes the representatives were found in their committee rooms, sometimes they were found at their homes, sometimes they were found at theaters, sometimes they were found playing billiards, sometimes they were found in barrooms, but few of them were found in the latter places. But wherever they were I always knew where to round 'em up. The system of leaving their addresses each day proved to be quite successful. But even with that precaution some of them would leave the capitol without complying with the simple requirement. In such cases we would have to scurry about the city to their best known rendezvous. We had to get them and bring them to the capitol as soon as possible in order to have their votes recorded in time.

"I said that I was at work while McKinley was sleeping; and that is true, for often at night I was out looking for men and locating them so that they could be found on the next day. Some of them went to hospitals for necessary recuperation, under certain conditions. They also had to be brought to the capitol in carriages and sent back to the hospital afterwards. Oftentimes I was busy at night with the sergeant-at-arms, pages and messengers, and with the speaker, in order that the next day's work might be well done. Some of the pages and messengers needed looking after in order to keep them sober and on duty. It was a hard campaign that I went through, but it was a successful one.

"So you see that, although McKinley had plenty of work to do in debating and defending his bill, he didn't do it all, by a long shot. There were others. The bill would never have been passed had it not been for the executive work done by the boys and men under my direction. I do not say these things in any sense of disparagement of McKinley, who did his work well; but simply to give you an insight into the ways of securing practical results in legislation of national importance.

"When the Wilson bill was passed in the Fifty-third congress, the democratic deputy sergeant-at-arms had just as much work to do to keep up a democratic quorum, and, to hear him tell the story, you would be led to believe that he had even greater trouble with his men than I had with mine.

"When 'sovereign people' are casting their ballots they do not half of the time know what kind of men they are electing to congress. They do not know anything in detail of the ways things are done in congress, and they are often received by the men whom they elevate and honor. Men who realize the importance of the trust committed to them would not need to be watched and chased about to keep them in line of duty."

All of these things are true, and the people ought to know the facts. The lessons of the past should prove to be advantageous for the future. The party now having a majority in the senate and house of representatives proposes to enact considerable national legislation of importance during the coming session of congress. The majority in the house of representatives is only 14; and it will be almost impossible to keep a quorum present all the time to do business. The people in every district should know this, and they should resent having their representatives come to their homes on political missions while the congress is in session. The people should compel their representatives to remain in Washington and attend to their business.

When the congress convenes in December the house of representatives will elect a speaker and other officers. Ex-Secretary of State Henry Casson, of Wisconsin, will be elected sergeant-at-arms, and upon him will devolve the duty of keeping a quorum present. He has had great experience in public life and will prove to be equal to the task. He was seven years private secretary to Gov. Rusk, and four years private secretary to the same statesman while he was secretary of agriculture. Afterwards he was secretary of state for Wisconsin; and in these official positions he has not only gained

SUMMONED FROM THE THEATER.

great practical knowledge of affairs, but he has become acquainted with all public men of the republic. Consequently it is assumed that he is well equipped for the duties of the office.

But, judging from the experiences of those who have filled the office in the past, it may be assumed that he will have his hands full all of the time, and that he will be a very busy man during the entire session of congress; a session which will undoubtedly be prolonged far into the summer of 1900; a session which will be full of epoch-making events as well as of partisan acrimony and heated discussions.

The moral of these facts is that the people should themselves see to it that their representatives do their duty and that they shall each be compelled to earn the salary of $5,000 which the government pays for their services.

SMITH D. FRY.

A Matter of Time.

There is a time for everything, but the cheap watch seldom indicates it.—Chicago Daily News.

All Work Painless. All Work Guaranteed Ten Years

U. S. Dental Parlors,

Holmes Block, Rooms 22 and 23

J. A. CHAPPELL, D. D. S., Manager.

Insurance on Teeth.

Be assured your beauty and health are each sufferers if your teeth are neglected. Our guarantee means much. In other words, the teeth we make or repair for you are insured to last for 10 years.

BEST SET OF TEETH $5.00.

Gold Crowns,	$4.00
Bridge Work	4.00
Porcelain Crowns,	3.50
Gold Fillings.	1.00 up
Teeth Extracted Without Pain	25c

Written guarantee for 10 years with all work. Hours 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Sundays 9 to 12.

PROF. STANLEY will continue to enlarge portraits lifesize for *98 cents* UNTIL CHRISTMAS, hoping by this means to get acquainted with every person in Lima desirous of having work done. His pictures are equal to the best and hundreds of persons in the city can testify as to his honesty and square dealing. Come early and avoid the Christmas rush.

STUDIO, 109 East Wayne Street.

Old Age Postponed.

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Falling Memory, Pain in Back, Dyspepsia, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing the starved cells, checking all drains and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5.00. Send for Free Book. HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O. 50c.

H. F. Vortkamp, north-east Corner Main and North Streets.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEWS FOUR WEEK 25 CENTS.

Our $29.00 Vermont Marble Monument

CUT THIS ADV. OUT AND SEND US $1.00 AND WE WILL SHIP THIS Magnificent Marble Monument C. O. D. SUBJECT TO APPROVAL By Freight WITH FREIGHT CHARGES FULLY PREPAID.

You May Examine the Monument and if found exactly as represented and fully satisfactory, pay the agent our price, less the $1.00 deposit.

No. 427905 Order by Number.

NO SUCH MONUMENT TO BE HAD ELSEWHERE FOR LESS THAN $50.00 to $60.00.

SAVE $20.00 TO $30.00

AND GET THE GENUINE FLORENCE MARBLE, a marble similar to the famous Italian marble and warranted equal to it in fineness and stability and beauty of color.

THE MARBLE IN THIS MONUMENT is obtained in sawed blocks from the celebrated Royal Blue Marble Quarries of Vermont. In the marble mill it is cut, polished, carved and traced with the latest and most economical devices in the hands of the most expert and artistic marble workers that money will employ.

WE BUY OUR MARBLE in immense quantities for spot cash. We buy the best there is to be had anywhere at less than half cost to retailers, and by the employment of expert labor and economical machinery are able to lay this monument down at your depot at about HALF RETAIL PRICES.

WE PAY THE FREIGHT. OUR PRICE OF $29.00 is for this elegant and imposing Monument laid down at your local freight depot with all freight charges fully prepaid. THIS BEAUTIFUL MARBLE MONUMENT is made in the following special size: BOTTOM BASE—1 foot 4 inches square and 8 inches high. REGULAR BASE—1 foot square and 6 inches high. SHAFT—2 feet 6 inches high and 8 inches square. THE TOTAL HEIGHT, including Bottom Base, Regular Base and Shaft, is 3 feet 8 inches.

REMEMBER that every piece and part of this Monument is of fine Florence Marble.

DO NOT COMPARE it with those sold by dealers where the Bottom Base is made of third quality marble, or even of sandstone, and shaft is made of an inferior marble with flaws and imperfections.

REMEMBER The monument will be polished, carved and traced just as shown in the illustration and one of the handsomest designs ever put on the market.

$29.00 is the lowest price ever known for a Genuine Marble Monument anything like this size and quality.

LETTERING FREE. When full cash is sent with order we will carve name and date of birth and death of deceased FREE OF ALL CHARGE.

We issue an elegant 40-page Catalogue of Tombstones and Monuments, quoting handsome Marble Grave Markers at $2.00 up to magnificent monuments at $265.00. This Catalogue is free. Send for it.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and we will send you this new improved PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, the greatest value you ever saw and for better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight agent our PRICE $23.50, less the $1.00 deposit, or $22.50 and freight charges. THE PARLOR GEM is one of the most DURABLE AND SWEETEST TONED instruments ever made. From the illustration shown, which is engraved direct from a photograph you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from solid quarter sawed oak or walnut as desired, perforated key slip, full panel body, beautiful marquetry design panels and many other handsome decorations and ornaments, making it the VERY LATEST STYLE. THE PARLOR GEM is 6 feet high; 42 inches long, 23 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds. Contains 5 octaves, 11 stops, as follows: Diapason, Principal, Dulciana, Melodia, Celeste, Cremona, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte and Vox Humana; 2 Octave Couplers, 1 Tone Swell, Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 27 Pure Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 27 Charmingly Brilliant Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 27 Rich Mellow Smooth Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of Pleasing Soft Melodious Principal Reeds. THE PARLOR GEM action consists of the Celebrated Sewell Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments; fitted with Hammond Couplers and Vox Humana, also best Dolge felts, leathers, etc., bellows of the best rubber cloth, Sply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE PARLOR GEM is furnished with a 10x14 beveled plate French mirror, nickel plated special frames, and every modern improvement. We furnish free a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS. With every PARLOR GEM ORGAN we issue a written binding 25-year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part gives out we repair it free of charge. Try it one month and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. 500 of these organs will be sold at $23.50. ORDER AT ONCE. DON'T DELAY.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED If you have not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper or Metropolitan National Bank, or Corn Nat. Bank, of Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York; or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over $100,000,00, occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago, and employ nearly 2,000 people in our own building. WE SELL ORGANS AT $22.50 and up; PIANOS, $115.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for free special organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address, (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Wayman Sts., **CHICAGO, ILL.**

JOHANN VON BLOCH.

The Famous Author Who First Spoke for Universal Peace.

His Remarkable Influence with the Czar of Russia Led to the Call for the International Conference at The Hague.

If war shall cease to strew the world with woe and suffering because of what has been done by the peace conference at The Hague, humanity will owe its deliverance largely to the efforts of Baron Johann von Bloch, whose book, "The War of the Future," it was that turned the mind of the czar of Russia toward peace and made the conference possible. Rarely in the world's history has it fallen to the lot of one man to do such a noble work for his race as Baron von Bloch has done. Whatever may be the immediate outcome of the conference at The Hague, the impression produced on the minds of men by the baron's volume can never be effaced. Such a graphic, powerful and convincing portrayal of the miseries and horrors of war has never been given to the world before. Arguments along this line, pleas for peace, and books and pamphlets against war are plentiful enough in all literature, ancient and modern. But Baron von Bloch's work gains its novelty and its special force from the fact that, while he enters no direct plea for peace, he sets forth the terrible results of future wars with such minute and philosophical detail, and with such an overwhelming array of facts and figures, that it is impossible for anyone to think of embroiling the nations in future conflicts at arms without a shudder of horror. The baron, says Leslie's Weekly, has enjoyed exceptional facilities for producing a work of this kind. He is a Russian official of high rank, and has had access to valuable material in the archives of the Russian government. He gave eight years to the task of writing the six volumes of "The War of the Future."

In them he discusses at length the art and conduct of war, the carrying

BARON JOHANN VON BLOCH.
(The Real Author of the International Peace Conference.)

power of modern rifles and explosives. He shows that, with the latest inventions in the enginery of war, future conflicts between great armies will be more horrible and destructive than anything conceived of before. He gives the figures of the great standing armies of Europe, amounting altogether to over 6,000,000 men, and discusses the vast and complicated problems connected with their movements and subsistence in time of war, showing how industry will be paralyzed and the people beggared and ruined by the drafts upon their war resources. He states, for example, that in a war between the dual and triple alliance of Europe 15,000,000 armed men would be set in motion, whose daily expense would be $20,000,000. When one reads statements like these from the baron's work it is not a matter of surprise that it should have set the czar of all the Russians to devising methods to bring about a reign of peace among men. That the work will go far toward bringing about the happy time there can be no manner of doubt. The baron is 65 years old, but he looks younger. He is stout and well preserved, and has piercing eyes. When he becomes excited he is fierce in manner and quite otherwise than a peaceful-looking individual. He talks English fairly, in common with eight or nine other languages. His horror of war dates back to his youthful days, when he gave much time to historical reading, and his great work is really the outcome of much thought and study. He is very sanguine over the future, but does not expect the millenium will be ushered in very soon. He is a truly wise man and not a crank or a mere dreamer.

FAMILY CRESTS.

Strange Symbols Adopted by Families in This Country and Their Significance.

A Philadelphia family of Huguenot descent preserve a curious story of one of their ancestors. During the persecution of the French Huguenots, 12 of the leading citizens of a disaffected town were forced into a small brick house in the suburbs, the openings of which were securely walled up, and the prisoners were left to starve.

After three weeks a body of Huguenot soldiers captured the town, and the walls of this prison were torn down. Inside they found 11 dead bodies and one living man.

When asked how he had survived, he showed a small hole in the foundation of the building, near which he lay. Every day a hen had crept into this hole and there laid an egg. The eggs, and the air thus admitted, had kept him alive. His descendants have taken for a crest a brooding hen.

Another family in the same city have adopted for their symbol the figure of a cat holding a rabbit in its mouth. One of their ancestors, a widow living in a cave on the banks of the Delaware with other early settlers of Philadelphia, was reduced to starvation by a long, hard winter. She knelt and prayed for food for her children, and soon after her cat brought in a rabbit which it had killed.

Another American family have taken the india-rubber tree as their crest, they being the descendants of the man who was eminent among the men who have made its sap one of the most useful servants of mankind. Henry M. Stanley is said to have adopted a map of Africa as his crest.

There can be no objection to the use by any family of a sign, or symbol, which recalls some striking instance of Divine mercy to their ancestors, or some great achievement by one of their ancestors for the benefit of their fellow-men; but for an American family whose progenitors have been simply worthy traders or mechanics, to borrow or steal the crests of old, noble European houses is not only an ethical offense—it is an inexcusable blunder.—Youth's Companion.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE DROP CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight, C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. Machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 25 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS' TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this DROP DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

$15.50

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS by unknown concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown machines under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are reliable and who are not.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. Made by the best makers in America, from the best material money can buy.

SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, piano polished. One illustration shows machine closed (head dropping from sight) to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other open with full length table and head in place for sewing. 4 fancy drawers, latest 1898 skeleton frame, carved, paneled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on four casters, adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable pressure foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dress guard. Head is handsomely decorated and ornamented and beautifully nickel trimmed. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable, and newest ... machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-Years' Binding Guarantee is sent with every machine.

$15.50

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced that you are saving $25.00 to $40.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

Address, **SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago, Ill.**

PROMPTED BY HATE.

Remarkable Story Told by a Long Island Prisoner.

Murdered a Man Because He and His Brothers Had Laughed at Him—The Woman in the Peculiar Case.

Carmelo Giacinto, a prisoner in jail at Long Island City, charged with the murder of Antonio Schiavelli, has but one object in life. Giacinto fired four revolver bullets into the body of Schiavelli, in Astoria, where the murdered man had gone for a short walk with his wife.

When questioned by the police officials about the motive of his crime Giacinto remained grimly silent. But to a New York Sunday World reporter, who understands and speaks Italian, he gladly, almost eagerly, told this remarkable story:

"Fourteen years ago I came to this country from Messina, signor. Everything looked bright to me. I am a cabinet maker and came to work at my trade. I went to board with the Schiavellis. They were from my native town. It was a great mistake.

"In one month—ah, I was young and strong then; not as you see me to-day—I got a good job. I was only 36 years old; I am more than 50 now. Soon I grew tired of living alone. I wanted some one to talk to, some one to love. I thought that if I could get a good wife my happiness would be complete.

"In the Schiavelli family were four brothers. One is dead now. I killed him.

"One day one of the Schiavellis showed me a photograph. It was a pretty Italian girl—oh, how beautiful! That girl's beauty was a devil's gift to cause all this trouble. Schiavelli told me she was in Italy; she would come if I would marry her. The girl's face pleased me, and when the Schiavellis praised her I was their victim. I paid her passage to this country. She came a month later. She went to live with

THE TRAGEDY AT ASTORIA.

the Schiavellis, who had moved to One Hundred and Forty-first street. I did not go with them.

"When I heard that she had come I called at the Schiavellis' house. But no, signor, I could not see her. I was turned from her home. I became enraged. I raved. Then the four brothers set upon me and threw me out into the street. Scelerati!

"For weeks I bore the taunts of my countrymen. They would point me out when I appeared on the street. They would call out: 'Ecco Antonio l'asino!' (There's Antonio the donkey.) These jeers from my own people almost drove me mad. But when I heard that the brothers had offered to marry the girl—all of them, signore, all four—and that she had accepted Giuseppe, the eldest, I was almost insane.

"The time is long, long! About seven years ago I was out walking one evening. I happened hear a loud laugh, and there behind me I saw the four Schiavelli brothers. They had ruined my life. I could stand it no longer. I had only one object in view, one purpose in life—to wipe them off the earth. I drew a revolver and fired point blank at them. The miserable! I missed my aim. For this I was sent to Blackwell's island for six months.

"That sentence only added to my rage.

"I came out of jail. I came back to New York to hunt up my enemies. They had disappeared. I think, signore, they knew what I would do. They were afraid of Carmelo. Six years I wandered about aimlessly, my only object was to find them. That Sunday I happened to go to Astoria—as well there as any other place—and met one of the brothers face to face.

"He was not the one who had married my intended wife. But no matter; he was as guilty as the rest, and I shot him down. When I laid eyes upon him my mind was on fire. For a time I was like one in a dream. Something seemed to tell me to shoot, and I shot. He is dead. He will not laugh at me again.

"If I ever get out of prison alive—I have thought well of that—I shall continue my search. There are yet three enemies. The girl? Why, I have nothing against her. She is not to blame."

He Knew the Girl Well.

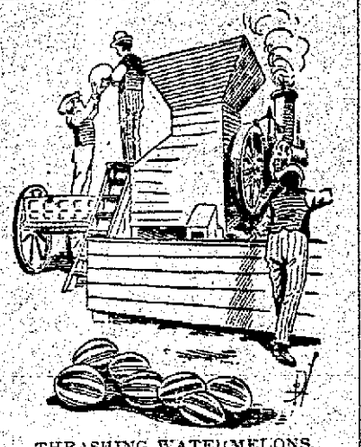
"Mr. Hardcash," said the private secretary as the old man entered the office after an absence of several days, "I regret to inform you that the head bookkeeper has eloped with your daughter while you were away. "Is that so?" said the old man, indifferently. "When do you expect him back?" "We don't expect him back at all," replied the secretary. "He took $10,000 from the safe before he left." "Ten thousand dollars, eh? Well, he'll need every cent of it if he's going to support my daughter."

NEW KANSAS INDUSTRY.

Started by This Season's Wonderful and Inexhaustible Surplus of Watermelons.

While the rest of the country has been paying 15 and 20 cents a slice for watermelon at lunch, out in Kansas they have been thrashing them—yes, thrashing melons, throwing them into machines by the ton, smashing the rich, juicy fruit into useless pulp, and all to get the seeds. They have actually found it a profitable business.

This has been a great melon season in Kansas. The innumerable square miles of sand hill and waste, absolutely



THRASHING WATERMELONS.
(A New Industry Started This Year in Western Kansas.)

useless for ordinary farming, have been discovered to be invaluable for melon patches. The whole state went into the business in the spring, and the result was that 50-pound melons sold at two for a nickel in September.

Kansas ate her fill of melons, shipped all she could sell to any market at any price, and still found herself fairly carpeted with them. There were not people enough to eat the hundredth part of them, and something had to be done.

So somebody found that melon seeds had a marketable value as seeds—not in Kansas, of course, but in the rest of the country—and small though the game seemed, there were melons to burn, and they went into the business. Horse-power thrashers were devised, and all through September the state mashed up watermelons.

The process is a very simple one. The pulp, after grinding, comes out in a tank of water and is allowed to ferment, when the seeds sink to the bottom and the refuse rises and is scooped out on the ground. When the piles of refuse get too big they move—not the refuse, but the machine. Could anything be simpler?

The seeds are sold to the Chicago and eastern wholesale seed dealers. The price varies from eight to fifteen cents a pound, this year being rather low on account of the large yield. The yield to the acre runs from 150 to 300 pounds, which, as the land is worth only five dollars or less, makes a good return. With an income of $25 and the cost of raising estimated at eight to twelve dollars an acre giving fair wages for all work, this makes one of the most profitable crops that the western Kansas prairie lands can raise.

POLE AND EQUATOR.

Little Village of North Perry, Me., Is Located Precisely Midway Between Them.

A singular mark of honor, and yet one to which it is naturally entitled, has just been conferred by the United States government upon North Perry, Me., a little village situated in Washington county, about 21 miles from Calais. That hitherto insignificant hamlet is located midway between the equator and the north pole, and this memorable fact is to be noted on a shaft

MIDWAY MONUMENT.
(Shaft to Be Erected by the Government at North Perry, Me.)

which is to be erected within the next few days at one of the most central points in the village.

There is one church in North Perry, and the shaft will be placed on one side of the little path leading from the street to the church door. On the front of the pillar will be cut the words: "This stone marks latitude 45 degrees north, half way from the equator to the north pole."

Naturally this unexpected incident has set the people of North Perry in a flutter of excitement. There are only about 500 persons in the place and while the men earn their living by acting as guides to hunting parties and by working in lumber camps, the women and children earn a little money in the spring and early fall by picking berries and sending them to the canning factories. Not often do they take a holiday, but they are determined to have one on the day when the shaft is placed in position.

The stone, which has just been completed at a granite quarry near Calais, was ordered by the government, and the spot which it will occupy has been marked by the geographical surveyors of the United States government as being precisely midway between the equator and the north pole.

P. H. KELLY,

Bottling Works.

EXTRACT OF MALT

—AND—

Bottled Beer for Family Use a Specialty

Free delivery to all parts of the city.
Bell Phone 321. 741 North Main Street

TRAFFIC CORNER

Grocery, Fritz & Kettler, Props.

Everything good to eat and bargains every week. Always the cheapest.

Corner West Kibby and Metcalff Sts.

Longevity of Watches.

Watches are famous for their longevity, and some seem to bear a charmed life, despite sundry visits to the pawnbroker and other vicissitudes of fortune. The other day a little girl found a gold watch and chain in a field at Woodburn, Bucks. The chance of discovering the rightful owner seemed faint indeed when the article was recognized by Mr. Arthur Cripps, of Great Marlow. It was one which Mr. Cripps had lost while hunting over 16 years ago. Notwithstanding its prolonged interment the works of the watch were scarcely injured.—London Telegraph.

Improving the Phonograph.

On the principle of the sounding board, which repeats a sound at so short an interval that the original and the repeated waves impress the ear in unison, a device called the polyphone has recently been applied to the phonograph for the purpose of doubling the volume of sound issuing from that instrument. A phonograph with the polyphone attachment has two horns, each provided with a diaphragm and stylus. Not only is the sound made louder, but its quality is improved.—Youth's Companion.

LaGrippe, with its after effects, annually destorys thousands of people. It may be quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, the only remedy that produces immediate results in coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, pneumonia and throat and lung troubles. It will prevent comsumption.

H F Vortkamp, northeast corner of Main and North streets.

Reasonable Apprehension.

Mrs. Church—Do you know, my husband's afraid to go into a dark room even now?

Mrs. Gotham—You don't mean it?

"Yes, I do; he fell over a rocking chair in the dark once."—Yonkers Statesman.

His Opportunity.

"Do you know that you talk in your sleep, Henry?" asked Mrs. Peck.

"Well, do you begrudge me those few words also?" he snapped back.—Stray Stories.

Dr H H Haden, Summit, Ala., says, "I think Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a splendid medicine. I prescribe it, and my confidence in it grows with continued use." It digests what you eat and quickly cures dyspepsia and indigestion. H F Vortkamp north east cor. Main and North streets.

Our first census, made in 1795, showed the population of the United States to be 5,000,000, and the count cost Uncle Sam, who was comparatively poor then, one cent for each person. It is estimated that the twelfth census, to be made in June, 1900, will show that our people number 75,000,000, and that the item of clerk hire, in the census bureau alone, will exceed $5,000,000. Although the work of enumeration will be completed by the 1st of July, it will probably be two or even three months later before the last of the schedules are received at the census office; for not only must they all be examined by the supervisors, but in many cases they will probably require revision because of some error or informality. The actual counting of the people will not be done until the schedules are turned into the census office. The enumerators simply gather the facts, and the office force in Washington does the counting and the compiling, which is done by electricity. In 100 days all the facts relating to 75,000,000 people will be tabulated.—Clifford Howard, in Ladies' Home Journal.

"I wouldn't be without DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for any consideration," writes Thos B Rhodes, Centerfield, O. Infallible for piles, cuts, burns and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. H F Vorthamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

STUBBORN COLDS

A stubborn cold is easily taken; it sticks to some people all winter and very often develops into bronchitis or consumption. You should cure a cold promptly by taking Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. This celebrated remedy is acknowledged to be most efficient and reliable for all affections of the throat and lungs. It cures a cold at once.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Promptly cures Stubborn Colds.
Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT

A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF FOR $2.75

Finest MACKINTOSH by mail $2.75

SEND NO MONEY. Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your height and weight, state number of inches around body at breast, inches from neck under coat, chest up under arms, and we will send you this coat by return mail. C. O. D. subject to examination. Examine and try it on at your nearest express office, and if found exactly as represented and the most remarkable value you ever saw or heard of, and equal to any coat you pay $5.00 for elsewhere, pay the express agent $2.75, SPECIAL OFFER PRICE, $2.75, and express charges.

THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1898 style, only Rubber Inside from heavy waterproof tan twill, genuine Silk Corset Satin finish; full length, double breasted, Sager velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed seams. Buttons for both ladies or gentlemen, and guaranteed GREATEST VALUE ever offered by us or any other house. For Free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes up to $5.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from $5.75 to $20.00, write for FREE SAMPLE Book No. 042. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & Co. (Inc.) CHICAGO. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

Pennsylvania Lines

Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R'y

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.	9	15	3	25	55	
	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM	
Pittsb'gh lv	7 00	8 00	1 00			
Alliance ar	9 45	10 45	3 45			
Canton lv	10 35	11 35	4 35			
Massillon "	10 27	11 27	4 27			
Wooster "	11 07	12 07	5 07			
Mansfield "	12 15	1 15	6 15	16 30		
Crestline ar	12 45	1 45	6 45	6 55		
Crestline lv	12 50	12 05 PM		7 05	12	
Robinson "				7 18	12	
Bucyrus "	1 18	12 27		7 33	12	
Nevada "				7 50	12	
U Sandusky "	1 34	12 51		8 04	12	
Kirby "				8 13	12	
Forest "				8 27	12	
Dunkirk "				8 45	12	
Washington "				8 50	12	
Ada "		1 36		9 10	12	
Lafayette "				9 25	12	
Lima "	2 37	1 59		9 50	12	
Elida "				10 03	12	
Delphos "	3 02	2 26		10 21	12	
Middlepoint "				10 32	12	
Van Wert "	3 21	2 48		10 46	12	
Convoy "				11 00	12	
Dixon "				11 11	12	
Monroeville "				11 20	12	
Maples "				11 32	12	
Adams "				11 42	12	
Ft. Wayne ar	4 10	3 40		11 55	1 00	
Warsaw "	5 33	4 50		1 20	PM	
Plymouth "	6 21	5 27		2 10		
Valparaiso "	7 52	6 22		4 20		
Chicago ar	8 45	7 45		5 00		
	PM	AM		PM		

Eastward.	20	8	6	24		
	AM	PM	PM	AM		
Chicago lv	7 30	*3 00	*1 30			
Valparaiso "	9 15	4 40	1 20			
Plymouth "	10 32	5 44	2 45			
Warsaw "	1 20	6 20	3 34			
Ft. Wayne ar	2 45	7 45	5 20	6 30		
Adams "	12 57			8 42		
Maples "	1 05		†5 40	8 53		
Monroeville "	1 17	8 13	5 52	9 03		
Dixon "	1 25		†5 59	9 11		
Convoy "	1 33		6 10	9 22		
Van Wert "	1 57	8 41	6 26	9 39		
Middlepoint "	2 06		6 40	9 52		
Delphos "	2 18	9 05	6 52	10 04		
Elida "	2 33		7 08	10 20		
Lima "	2 44	9 30	7 20	10 31		
Lafayette "	3 05		7 40	10 50		
Ada "	3 19	10 00	7 54	11 03		
Washington "	†3 34			11 16		
Dunkirk "	3 49		8 14	11 22		
Forest "	3 54		8 27	11 35		
Kirby "	4 04		8 37	11 44		
U Sandusky "	4 30	10 46	8 53	12 00		
Nevada "	4 36		9 13	12 19		
Bucyrus "	4 54	11 19	9 32	12 36		
Robinson "	5 05		†9 46	12 47		
Crestline ar	5 25	11 45	10 00	1 00		
Crestline lv	5 30	11 55	10 30	PM		
Mansfield "	6 05	12 20	10 53			
Wooster "	7 22	1 30	12 00			
Massillon "	8 25	2 18	1 00			
Canton "	8 45	2 34	1 20			
Alliance ar	9 20	3 10	2 10			
Pittsb'gh ar	12 45	5 50	5 30			
	AM	AM	PM			

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‖Flag Stop. ‖Meals.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

5-21-99.-E. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

ONLY $5.00

SEND US $5.00 as a guarantee of good faith and we will send you any fire proof safe by freight, C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it the equal of any fire proof combination lock iron and steel safe made and worth one-third the price charged by others for the same size and grade, pay your freight agent our special factory price and freight charges, less the $5.00 sent with order; otherwise return it at our expense and we will return your $5.00. 100-lb. combination lock safes for the home, $6.95; 300-lb. office and store safes, $11.95; 500 lbs., $17.95; 750 lbs., $21.95; 1000 lbs., $28.50; 1250 lbs., $32.50; very large double outside and double inside door safes for large business, factory, jewelry or bank, 60 inches high, $400 lbs., $62.75; 65 inches high, 1000 lbs., $89.75. Freight averages 25 cents per 100 lbs. for 500 miles; for 1000 miles, 40 cents. WRITE FOR FREE SAFE CATALOGUE and special liberal C. O. D. offer.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. Chicago.

HAIRY GROWTH

on a woman's face mars her beauty and destroys her good nature. It unfits her for society and injures her health by worriment over her misfortune.

Depilatine

is a harmless liquid warranted to be free from acid, caustics or poison, which will remove superfluous hair from the face or body in three minutes without the slightest pain, injury or inconvenience. By occasional applications the hair follicles are permanently eradicated. Try it and you will be pleased with results. Highly endorsed by the "United States Health Reports."

Sent securely sealed in plain case for $1.00. All correspondence in charge of ladies and every letter treated as sacredly confidential.

Send your order now. No matter what other remedy you may have tried if you are dissatisfied it is evident you have not used Depilatine.

My book-let "Aids to Beauty" containing a list of my unexcelled toilet creams and other hygienic complexion preparations mailed free. Write.

MME. LOURINE,
23 DUANE STREET. NEW YORK.

HAIR SWITCH 65 CENTS

WE SELL HUMAN HAIR SWITCHES to match any hair at from 65c to $3.25, the equal of switches that retail at $6.50 to $10.00.

OUR OFFER: Cut this ad. out and send to us, inclose a good mixed sample of the exact shade wanted, and cut it out as near the roots as possible, inclose our special price quoted and 5 cents extra to pay postage, and we will make the switch to match your hair exact, and send to you by mail, postpaid, and if you are not perfectly satisfied, return it and we will immediately refund your money.

Special Offer Prices are as follows: 8-in. switch, 10-in. long, long stem, 65c; short stem, 50c; 6-oz. 22-in. long, short stem, $1.25; 8-oz. 22-in. long, short stem, $1.50; 3-oz. 24-in. long, short stem, $2.25; 3½-oz. 26-in. long, short stem, $3.25. WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK the highest grade on the market. Order at once and get these special prices. Your money refunded if you are not pleased. Write for Free Catalogue of Hair Goods. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.) Chicago.

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

TRUSSES, 65c, $1.25 AND UP

65c.

We are selling the very finest Trusses made at FACTORY PRICES, less than one-third the price charged by others, and WE GUARANTEE TO FIT YOU PERFECTLY. Say whether you want our $1.25 Spring Truss or our $1.95 Sure Hold Elastic Truss, illustrated above; cut this ad. out and send to us with our special price noted, state your Height, Weight, Age, how long you have been ruptured, whether rupture is large or small; also state number inches around the body on a line with the rupture, say whether rupture is on right or left side, and we will send either truss to you with the understanding, if it is not perfect in fit and equal to trusses that retail at three times our price, you can return it and we will return your money.

WRITE FOR FREE TRUSS CATALOGUE which shows and describes our entire line of trusses, including the new $10.00 kind from $2.75 that cure almost any case, and which we sell for $5.00. Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & Co. (Inc.) CHICAGO.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

PAVING

Of Our City Streets

What Property Owners Have Expended in Three Years.

Big Improvements That Beautify Lima.

Many Thousands of Dollars Invested By Enterprising and Ambitious Home Owners.

The recent agitation over a City Park makes timely a review into the city's indebtedness and the reasons that have prompted this indebtedness. It is a well known fact that debts as a general thing do not constitute a very pleasant subject to talk about. It is a matter that is viewed very differently by different people. Some people are not as adverse as others about talking about their debts. This may be due to different causes. One who has the resources necessary to meet his obligations can consider his indebtedness without becoming agitated just as some men can who haven't any resources and who do not care whether their debts are paid or not. With others the payment of their debts is a constant study and worry and with still others it takes scientific bookkeeping to see the way out.

Luckily the paving debts of the city are all provided for, and are payable biennially as each property owner settles for his taxes it is included, and he is but little the wiser, though he may notice that the tax duplicate is somewhat higher than the one he last paid.

Now how many people in Lima know the real extent of the paving that has been done in their own city the past three years? Probably not one in five hundred, and at this ratio there would be fifty people in the city of Lima that really realize what great street improvements and useful beauty have been added to their home city.

There have been eleven different streets paved in the city of Lima, and a person can now take a drive over pavement for a distance of some ten miles, without allowing his rig to touch unpaved streets. A glance at the recent abstract prepared by City Clerk Lynch shows this. Residents of Greenlawn avenue beautified that thoroughfare by expending $2,500 in improvement, though no paving was done. Yet the street makes an admirable drive. First of all the asphalt paving in Lima came when after two thirds of the property owners on west Spring street between Main and Jameson avenue petitions for that substance. The cost of that job was $34,000 and a special tax is provided by general levy against those owners for payment of same

These assessments are so arranged that the sum of $2,000 is paid on the debt every six months, while the bonds bear six per cent interest.

Following the example set by Spring street residents came that of the property owners of North Main street and they petitioned an indebtedness of $10,000 for brick paving. This sum is paid off in amounts of $1,500 every six months, and an addition of five per cent. interest. Harrison avenue residents grasped the opportunity of expending a little more money, and paving their driveway instead of macadimizing it. They are now paying the sum of $300 every six months, and will be freed from their debt of $4,700 with the last payment, July 1, 1907.

The largest sum expended on any one street to date is that of west Market street, from Cole to Elizabeth with asphalt, and thence to Main with brick. The total cost of that contract was $57,500 and it is being reduced $3,000 every six months, expiring in 1907. The improvement on west Wayne street, as first petitioned for amounted to $5,000; the second came to $6,000; and the last petition was in the sum of $35,000, bringing the total amount on that street to the sum of $46,000. This same amount was expended by south Main street property owners. The home owners on that pretty extension of Cole street, at once paved the street, from Elm to Spring, and were not assessed for any macadamizing. They pay off the sum of $2,700 in installments of $150 every six months.

$38,000 is the sum embraced in the asphalt and brick paving of west North street, and is taken up each half year in sums of $2,000. The recent west Market street paving, designated as No. 2 and extending from Cole to Woodlawn avenue, being asphalt, cost $13,000. Eureka street adds $5,000 and east Elm street petioned for an indebtedness of $14,000 for paving. Lastly have come the residents of south West street from the bridge to Kibby, who will have a street of brick, and pay $11,400 for it. Linden street property owners have issued $3,000 in bonds, and are paving; while Water street is now being cityfied by paving in the sum of $5,000.

In addition to all this the county commissioners have taken a hand and are paving with brick Woodlawn avenue. A drive from the terminus of this thoroughfare; thence on Market to Main, and back to North; out North and to Main; out Main to Wayne; and a return; then down Main to Spring to Jameson; and returning to Main go to C & E makes many miles over paved thoroughfares, to say nothing of the other short streets, which however, can not be reached without leaving the paved streets.

Thus the street paving summarized shows that $294,800 in indebtedness has been petitioned for by property owners and granted. This amount can not be classed as a city's debt, for it is met each six months by a fund provided for by special levys against property owners, and the city only pays for paving over crossings, which is a minimum amount of the whole, rated at about one-fiftieth, and leaves the city as such with but a floating indebtedness of $325,800.

FRIGHTFUL

Experience Of The Market Street Watchman.

Came Near Losing His Life in an Endeavor To Save Another.

Sunday evening a stranger jumped in front of a passenger train on the L. E. & W. at the Market street crossing, no doubt with suicidal intent. The act was witnessed by Mr. Mumaugh, the watchman at Market street, and at the risk of his life, he leaped in front of the train and grabbing the man tried to drag him from the track. A desperate struggle followed, during which the stranger tried to drag Mr. Mumaugh back onto the track with him, but happily failed in his purpose.

THE END CAME

This Morning and Proprietor Burns Sank to Rest.

After battling many weeks, and making a determined resistance, the inroads of Bright's disease at last conqured, and Proprietor John W Burns, one of the best hotel men Lima ever possessed, sank to rest this morning at a few moments past seven o'clock.

His life had been despaired of by the physicians for many days and the end was known to be but a few hours distant. Mr Burns was the landlord of the old Burnet House, and later of the appartments in the Krauss block, where he awaited the building of the new Hotel Norval, of which Mr Burns was to be Mine Host.

Deceased was born in Lisbon, Ohio, and has been in Lima some five or six years. Short services will be held at the late residence, 131 east North street, Thursday morning at 9:30 o'clock, when the remains will be taken to Miamisburg for burial, over the C H & D at 12:37 o'clock. He was aged 49 years, and leaves a wife and two children.

AXLINE

Gives Double Cross

Musters in a Company to Aid Kuert.

After Issuing Position Orders, He Changes the Decrees.

Rank Attempt to Foist The Kenton Man on The Second Regiment.

Politics has been used to further the interests of Col. Kuert, of Kenton, in the regimental election.

All kinds of dirty work is coming to the front in the election of a Colonel being held to-day. Adjutant General Axline has been guilty of playing at the double cross game, and the recent moves go to show this to be the case.

When the orders were first issued for the election, it was stipulated that eight companies only would be allowed the right to vote, and no other companies would be mustered into the regiment.

Regardless of this, General Axline permitted and Issued orders for the muster in of Co. D at Bellecenter, and has granted that organization a vote to-day, in the belief and perhaps promise of supporting the Kenton colonel.

Following this action came that of another order issued, regarding the election of Majors. It was stipulated in the first order that only two majors would be elected. Afterwards, when at Kenton three were nominated and the conbines seemd to be going against Kuert, General Exline changed the decree and made the election call for three majors, thus making ineffective any conbines amurged with the companies leaving candidates for this house and office.

A message from Kenton announces that Col Cuert will receive only forty votes from the Kenton company. It begins to look as though Major Ream will be elected despite the despicable political connivances devised by the Kuert forces.

MAJOR REAM

Will Be Elected Colonel of the Second Regiment To-day.

There is a bitter fight on to-day for colonelcy of the second regiment between Major Ream, of this city, and Colonel Kuert, of Kenton. There is no possible chance of Colonel Kuert being re-elected if the situation has been sized up correctly by the supporters of Major Ream. Here is about the way it should go.

For Ream	
Lima	59 votes
Wapak	60 "
Findlay	60 "
Bloomdale	15 "
Tiffin	3 "
Kenton	20 "
Carey	30 "
Total	247

For Kuert.	
Bloomdale	45 votes
Tiffin	52 "
Kenton	35 "
Carey	29 "
Bellecenter	59 "
Total	220

They're here.

NO CAUSE OF ACTION

In the case of Butler vs the L E & W Ry, a suit for $20,000 damages for the death of Huffman, who was killed at the Market street crossing of the L E & W, the Jury came in today with a verdict of no cause of action.

H R Moore and wife left this morning for a visit in Kansas.

QUEER STORY

Told By a Prominent Young Man of the City.

Mystery surrounds an occurrance of early Sunday morning on West Market street. Lee Downing well and favorably known, having been for years a popular clerk at the Melville drug store walked into the police station yesterday morning early, with a story fit for the Wild West.

He vowed he had been drugged and robbed near the Aiken residence. A phone message was received at police headquarters Monday morning about 3 o'clock from some place in the west end stating there was a prowler abroad in that section of the city. Police investigation failed to locate the prowler, but a short time afterward, in came Downing.

A search of the yard at the Aiken home resulted in the finding of a watch, and some of the wearing apparel of Mr Downing and these were returned to him. Mr Downing's story of the robbery could not be learned, as he left for Fostoria last evening, being now a traveling representative of a large drug firm.

ANOTHER VICTIM

From Typhoid Fever, In The Person Of Harry Lyons.

A number of deaths have resulted recently in this city from typhoid fever, and many cases are now in the hands of physicians. Friends of Harry Lyons, well known throughout the city, and especially on the South Side, died from the disease this morning about six o'clock, after an illness of twenty-one days.

Mr. Lyons was 26 years of age, and has resided with his parents, Charles and Lydia Lyons, on Atlantic avenue. He was an employe of the Solar refinery. No funeral arrangements have been completed.

American Clothiers

ALBRECHT BROS.

Announce the arrival of many new and exclusive things in Children's Wear.

Handsome Suits

For little fellows, 3 to 8 years, double breasted, silk vests, to be found nowhere else in Lima. The finest assortment of

Reefers and Topees

Ever brought to this city $2.50, 3,50, 4.00, 5.00 and 6.00. Young Men's Top Coats, just to your liking, $7.50, 10.00, 12.00 and 15.00. Our Suit Department, as heretofore, is headquarters for the

"Proper Things."

Shirts, Hats, Caps, Gloves and Underwear. All the newest and up to date styles. Not "How Cheap," but "How Good." Strictly One Price.

"Meet Me at the Lima House Corner.

Only a Few Days More

TO GET TICKETS

On the Building Lot to be Given Away

BY THE

Columbia Shoe Store

On Thanksgiving Day we give away an improved building lot, 55x207 feet, situated on west High street.

DRAWING TO TAKE PLACE at our store on the morning of Thanksgiving Day.

Tickets cost you nothing, ask for them, you may be the lucky one.

The Fire in Our Building Does Not Interfere With the Drawing,

But, we will sell every Shoe in the store for what it will bring.

Our Goods Were Only Water Damaged,

Some of Them the Boxes Were Only Wet, but They Must be Sold.

SALE THIS WEEK.

Save Dollars on Every Pair of Shoes.

. . . WATER DAMAGED SALE. . .

THE COLUMBIA.

NewspaperARCHIVE®
NewspaperARCHIVE®